THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, JULY 19 1894. No. 174

It is Important
You should have pure drugs. Jones, 36 Govt. St., sells PURE DRUGS and dispenses prescriptions accurately.
ALWAYS OPEN.

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Children's Rings
Birthday Rings
Friendship Rings
Engagement Rings
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In all the latest designs at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government St.

THE....
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Delights in selling a good article. It reflects credit on the store.

Puritan Pins

Are the best in the world. To introduce Puritan Pins, commencing this day, Monday, July 16th, we will present to every customer making a purchase in our store, including a paper of PURITAN PINS, a beautiful silver-plated satin finished

Pin Tray

worth certainly as much as we charge for the pins. Every paper of Puritan Pins (any size) contains 360 pins and we sell them at 10 cents a paper.

New Goods

Coming to hand regularly.

Finest French Kid Gloves a specialty.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT—Apply at 6 Simcoe street. jly18-tf

WANTED—A good boy at the White House. jly19-3t

RACQUETS—I am selling Tennis Racquets cheap to close them out: $1.75, $2.25, $3; complete Tennis Sets, $13.50 and upwards; good value. Wm. Wilby, 91 Douglas street. jly19-1w

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Under power of sale contained in a mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, in charge book Vol. II, Fol. 507, No. 13700 B, the undersigned offer for sale by tender Lots Nos. 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 63, and Block XII, part of a re-subdivision of part of Lots two and three of section XXXVIII, Victoria District, and more particularly described in a map or plan deposited with the Registrar General under the number 452.

Tenders will be received up to August 4th next, at noon.

DALBY & CLAXTON,
64 Yates St., Victoria, B.C.,
jly19-td Agents for the Mortgagees.

To Contractors and Builders. : : :

For Sale at $1.40 per M.

One Million first-class Cedar Shingles. These Shingles are the best ever offered in Victoria; will lay 20 inches more per bunch than any other on the market.

Lumber still at low rates.

Ewen Morrison, Proprietor,
Rock Bay Lumber Yard.

PILGRIMS TO ROME.

A Large Number Leave New York to Visit St. Peter's and Lourdes.

New York, July 19.—The Catholic pilgrimage to Lourdes and Rome left here on the steamships Noorland and Paris. Catholics of fourteen states were represented among the pilgrims. The main party is accompanied by Rev. Father Porcile, chaplain of the Monastery of the Precious Blood of Brooklyn. Every berth on the Noorland was occupied by the pilgrims, and one hundred in addition on the Paris. The delegation takes with it a magnificent silken banner, which will be blessed on the arrival of the pilgrims in Rome early in August by the holy father. The obverse is a tricolor, while the reverse is the stars and stripes. After it has received the blessing it will be carried to Lourdes, where it is intended to permanently decorate the Church of the Grotto. Its cost has been met by contributions from Catholics throughout the country. Father Porcile takes with him a locked casket containing requests from donors who were unable to accompany the pilgrims, which will be placed on the shrine. Previous to embarking the pilgrims extended an informal reception to Rev. Mother Catherine Foanbress, who had journeyed from St. Hyacinth, Canada, to bid them a pleasant and happy journey. Rome will be reached on August 6th and Lourdes on the 14th. At Antwerp the pilgrims will be joined by a large number of American Catholics now travelling in Europe.

Counterfeiters Captured.

Los Angeles, July 19.—Joe Triegaani and Juan Duiglienuo, Italian counterfeiters, captured in this city two weeks ago, pleaded guilty before Judge Ross and were sentenced this morning to eight years each in Folsom.

ALIEN IMMIGRANTS BILL.

Lord Salisbury Introduces a Bill to Put a Stop to Alien Immigration.

Rosebery Speaks Against It But the Lords Approve of it by 89 to 37.

London, July 19.—The attention of parliament has been called to the fact that there is now living at Dublin an old Irish soldier named Donovan who rode in the Balaklava charge in the Crimean war, and who has only one dollar and a quarter a week on which to support his wife and himself. He is eighty years old and his sight has failed, and consequently he is in no position to help himself. The war department has replied that Donovan is receiving a pension of twenty-five cents a day and this is the largest that can be granted by the royal warrant under which he served.

In the house of lords Lord Salisbury moved the second reading of the Alien Immigrants bill. Lord Roseberry opposed the bill on the ground that such proposals ought not to be made to parliament except upon the initiative of the government. It was not through neglect on the part of the present ministry, he declared, that the alien question had not been touched. When Lord Salisbury was in power the case against alien immigrants was infinitely stronger than it is now, as immigration was much greater; yet the Conservative ministers then opposed special legislation on the ground that aliens are few, and that the right of asylum in England ought to be upheld. Lord Rosebery quoted conspicuously from statistics showing that immigration was now at a lower point than it had reched in many years. The bill, he says, has not the slightest chance of becoming a law, and it was therefore a waste of time to put it through the house of lords. On the authority of the home office he could deny all the allegations that any plot against a foreign government or an official of a foreign government had been hatched in England since the present ministry came into power. He advised Lord Salisbury, by all means, to drop the measure.

Lord Salisbury expressed regret at the government's refusal to support the bill, which was necessary legislation in the direction of protecting the workingmen against the competition of low priced labor and also as a preventative of England's becoming a permanent asylum for Anarchist refugees. The question was so serious that he declined to withdraw the measure.

Earl Cowper hoped that Lord Salisbury would not divide the house on the measure, inasmuch as there was no prospect of its becoming a law during this session. A division was taken and the bill passed its second reading—89 to 37.

Italians Capture Kassala.

Rome, July 19.—Information has been received here that a battle was fought on Tuesday between the Italian forces and Mahdists near Kassala, and the latter were defeated. The Italians captured Kassala. The Italian loss is several killed and one wounded. The Mahdists' loss is considerable.

THE KOREAN EMBROGLIO.

An Important Statement Purporting to Come From Secretary Gresham.

The Peace of All Asia in Jeopardy—Offer of Mediation From Cleveland.

Washington, D.C., July 19.—Much interest was aroused in official circles here to-day by the publication of a long statement, purporting to contain an extract from a dispatch sent by Secretary Gresham to the Japanese government, saying that the United States viewed with regret the levying of an unjust war by Japan upon a weak and defenceless nation like Korea. Secretary Gresham was indisposed to-day, but sent out word that he could not at the present time say anything either in denial or affirmation of the publication, as the corespondence is still in progress. It is almost certain that the senate will adopt a resolution calling for the correspondence.

The history of the incident begins with the Korean rebellion, when, upon the application of the king, the United States sent the warship Baltimore to Chemulpo. Almost simultaneously the Japanese and Chinese governments sent military forces to aid the king to stamp out the rebellion. They were successful, and when quiet was restored the Koreans suggested the withdrawal of the foreign forces. This was not so easily accomplished. The Chinese and Japanese have always been at odds whenever Korea was concerned, for each had long cherished designs upon the autonomy of that country. However, the Chinese were willing to withdraw if the Japanese would do the same, but the latter discovered that she had a number of grievance against the Koreans on account of maladministration and made a series of demands, some of which touched the very existence of Korea as an independent nation. Japan announced that her troops would not be withdrawn until these conditions were met. At this point the attention and interest of other nations were strongly used. It was seen that the peace of all Asia was in jeopardy, and the powers that had great interests there began to consider what should be done to dissuade Japan from pursuing a course that promised to break down the integrity of the little nation that served as a buffer between the two Asiatic nations. Great Britain, Russia and also France interposed with pacific remonstrances, but they were unheeded by Japan, the present government of which, it was intimated here, was in such a desperate pass politically that it felt obliged to excite the national feeling as a means of self-preservation.

Then the United States was drawn into the matter. We have large interests in China and Japan and prospects of greatly enlarging our trade relations, and when United States Minister Dunn, at Tokyo, represented the conditions to the state department it was felt to be not only for our own interests, but for the good of all concerned, to reinforce the efforts of the great European powers to prevent a conflict that would surely be disastrous on both sides. Such a course, according to a defender of the administration, has been taken before by the United States. Notably in the case of the small republics of South America, we have succeeded in preventing wars, and in so doing have earned the gratitude and thanks of our neighbors and the esteem and admiration of the whole world.

At the Korean legation to-day a copy of the dispatch alleged to have been sent was shown to the minister, but he poltely referred the reporter to the department of state for information, and intimated that he could not with propriety talk of the matter. It was said that no records of the dispatches have been received from Korea. A copy of the paper containing the dispatch was shown the Japanese minister, who promptly returned a reply that he knew nothing at all of such a message, and had no official intimation that it had been sent. He said: "The Japanese government is perfectly satisfied with the attitude of the administration regarding Korea, and is confident that it is actuated by sentiments of justice toward both China and Japan, and is only desirous of a pacific solution of the differences between the two countries."

A diplomat who is familiar with eastern affairs said that an expression of the dissatisfaction felt by this government in the manner indicated would not affect the future action of the Japanese government. One effect, however, might be that, should it be concluded to submit the differences now existing between the two nations to arbitration, the United States might not be asked to serve, as probably she would have been otherwise.

No news on the matter could be had from members of the Chinese legation. Members of the house committee on foreign affairs deny that they have seen the Gresham dispatch. Chairman McCreary and Representatives Hitt and Rayner said they had seen no such dispatch and knew of no action in that line, and Senator Gray and other members of the senate foreign relations committee likewise said they knew nothing of the matter.

Berlin, July 19.—The London correspondent of the Vossische Zeitung declares that both Russia and the United States have done their utmost to avert a war between China and Japan over Korea. The United States, the correspondent adds, has even exceeded the limits of friendly persuasion over Japan and China.

London, July 19.—A dispatch from Washington City to a news agency here states that President Cleveland has offered to mediate in the Korean question.

BANKRUPT RAILROADS.

An Extraordinary Showing as to the Standing of Railways in the U. S.

The Railway Age for July 13 contains a summary of the railroads which have gone into the hands of receivers or been sold under foreclosure in the first six months of 1894, which show a total of twenty-three, lines, with 2,988 miles of road, a funded debt of $121,843,000, capital stock $138,258,000 and a total capitalization of $260,101,000. This brings the totals of the roads in the hands of receivers on June 30 to 152 lines, with 43,000 miles of track and almost $2,500,000,000 of capitalization. During the same six months eleven roads have been sold under foreclosure, having 1,316 miles of line and an aggregate capitalization of $76,622,000.

BEGINNING OF THE END.

Strike Leader Douglas Implores Debs to Call the Fight Off.

Sacramento, July 19.—F. H. Douglas, chairman of the mediation committee of the A. R. U., is reported to have sent a message to Debs imploring him to call the strike off, unconditionally. To a United Press reporter he would neither deny or affirm the report. Discussing the outlook, Douglas said he realized the awful condition into which the strike had plunged the country, principally this section, and he for one would rejoice at an immediate settlement. He intimated that if he had the power, he would terminate the fight at once. About the city strikers are disconsolate at the return of the men to work in the shops. The more conservative members admit defeat and point to the weakening of so many this morning as the beginning of the end.

Sacramento, July 19.—Yesterday the situation here showed a decided advantage for the strikers, but to-day there is a pronounced reversal of the conditions. Early this morning nearly six hundred men reported for work in the shops and many old employes were given their former places. There were committees from the strikers' ranks upon the outskirts of the sentry line endeavoring to dissuade the workmen from returning to work, but their pleas were in vain.

A dispatch received at Division Superintendent Wright's office states that the track is blocked at a point half a mile east of Duluth flats. Last night several great boulders were rolled upon the track and across the rails timbers were lashed. An armed patrol discovered the obstructions and removed them. Trains are now leaving on schedule time. A fruit train with a heavy consignment left for Ogden and the east this morning, and another will follow this afternoon and the company hope to dispatch a third train to-morrow morning. The railway officials deny that an attempt was made to wreck the San Francisco local yesterday morning. They assert that the battered fish plate and broken bolt were not necessarily the result of design and could have resulted from a number of causes. A man named Geo. O'Donnell was arrested by the military this morning for intimidating and threatening workmen on the way to the shops. He was taken to the guard house and will be turned over to the civil authorities.

Oakland, July 19.—In the freight yards a number of trains are being made up and four of them will be sent out this morning. Master Mechanic McKenzie says there is no dearth of men in his department.

Chicago, July 18.—At 8 o'clock to-night Gen. Miles appended his signature to a general order removing the federal troops from Chicago. The infantry will take trains for their respective posts, while the cavalry and artillery will march to Fort Sheridan and remain there until such time as Gen. Miles thinks it best that they be sent to their posts.

The first break in the ranks of the Pullman strikers occurred to-day. One hundred and fifty Hollanders were put at work on the tracks back of the Pullman foundry. No effort was made to prevent the men from going to work.

The butchers continue to return to work at the stock yards. The sheep butchers at Armour's received an advance of 25 cents a day in wages and had four and a half days' work a week guaranteed them.

Hammond, Ind., July 18.—Just before the close of a stormy session the Hammond branch of the American Railway union to-night decided to return to work. The motion was carried by a vote of 42 to 37. The excitement is at a high point and trouble is expected.

Helena, July 18.—The strike situation in this vicinity is more favorable than it has been at any time for three weeks. The Northern Pacific announces that it will start branch lines from this city in the morning with all old crews. All engineers and conductors have applied for work, and were it not for the destruction of the bridges west of the city there would be no difficulty in operating trains on time. No reports of bridges burned have come in to-day. Express trains from east and west arrived to-day nearly on time.

Four companies of the Twentieth infantry, from Fort Assiniboine, arrived here this afternoon. Their destination is supposed to be Butte.

Oakland, Cal., July 19.—Mayor Pardee has issued a proclamation to the citizens of this city requesting all persons to refrain from assembling in crowds on the public streets and the chief of police is directed to keep the streets clear from all crowds of loiterers until ordered otherwise, and is empowered to call on the sheriff for assistance.

Woodland, Cal., July 19.—The cases of the Sacramento strikers charged with murder in connection with the train wreck appeared this morning. The judge reversed his former ruling and decided that all the defendants should be examined at the same time. John Sherbourne, the fourteen-year-old boy who drove the wagon in which Worden and the others rode out the day of the wreck, was the first witness.

Great Falls, Mont., July 19.—Several companies from Fort Assiniboine passed through this city on a special train provisioned for 30 days. They will open the railway from Butte west.

Chicago, July 19.—Morris & Co.'s wholesale market was burned last night. It is believed to have been the work of strikers, prowlers around the place were fired upon by the militia just before the fire broke out. The loss is heavy.

Minister to Russia.

Washington, July 18.—The president today nominated Congressman Breckinridge of Arkansas, as minister to Russia.

A CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS

Four American Schooners Lost in the Japan Sea During the Present Season.

Captain Drews of the Waalberg Dies in the Hospital at Hakodate.

San Francisco, July 19.—News has just been received of the death of J. C. Crowe, captain and owner of the sealing schooner W. C. Waalberg, in the hospital at Hakodate, from lung fever. Sorenson, of the schooner Alexander, has also died at the same port. Four vessels with thier entire crews, viz: Matthew Turner, Capt. Christopherson; Mascott, Capt. Chas. Hagerman; Rosie Sparks, Capt. Todd; and Unga, Capt. John Anderson, have all been lost during the season and are at the bottom of the Jopan sea with the exception of the losses above named. The season has been fairly successful. The welcome intelligence has been received that the Mary H. Thomas, Alton and Rattler have all reached Yokohama, and the Rattler reports having spoken the "Old San Diego," which had been given up for lost. The Alton reports a catch of 1,150 seals, Mary H. Thomas 1,020 and Rattler 1,100.

IN THE BRITISH HOUSE.

Cattle from America Must be Slaughtered at the Port of Landing.

London, July 19.—In the house to-day the government stated that there was no present prospects of the government abandoning the plan of slaughtering cattle imported from Canada and the United States at the port of landing.

General Morley denied the report that the Australian and New Zealand mails sent via San Francisco had been delayed by the strike.

The second reading of the budget in the house of lords is fixed for Thursday next.

TWO NEW STATES.

Arizona and New Mexico to be Admitted —Coinage of Silver Ordered.

Washington City, July 19.—The special committee on territories decided to-day to recommend the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as states, and instructed the committee having the bills in charge to make a favorable report at the meeting of the full committee next Wednesday. After adjournment of the committee the sub-committee on New Mexico, consisting of Messrs. Blackburn, White and Shoup, met and put the bill in shape for presentation. Amendments were made to provide for a change of the dates of the election and constitutional convention to correspond with the date in the Utah bill. The Arizona sub-committee has not yet taken action.

A bill for the purchase by the government of all the railway and telegraph lines has been introduced by Representative Wilson, of Washington, at the request of its author, Dr. F. S. Lewis, of Port Angeles, Wash.

Mr. Preston, the director of the Philadelphia mint, by direction of the secretary of the treasury, issued orders to-day to the mint authorities at San Francisco and New Orleans to begin the coinage of silver dollars at once, and during the present month to coin up to the ordinary capacities of the mints. The silver to be first coined will be blanks and ingots, of which there is sufficient to coin about $1,500,000 at these two points and at Philadelphia. As soon as this supply is exhausted work will probably begin on the silver bars, of which there is a year's supply at San Francisco and New Orleans and probably five years' supply at Philadelphia. So far as can be learned, it is not the purpose of the government to extend the coinage of seigniorage beyond a few millions, but it is stated that after coining whatever gold may be necessary and reaching the abraded fractional silver, each of the three mints will probably be worked at their normal capacity on silver dollars, for the next several months at least, and presumably to the end of the year. Whether treasury notes will be retired by silver as fast as received has not been determined, so far as is known.

A FALL REGATTA.

Proposition to Bring All the Sound Yachts Here Again This Year

There will be a meeting of the Victoria Yacht club at the club house of the James Bay Athletic association to-night. It is to be held to discuss the proposition of holding a big fall regatta here this year. The project has only been talked of for a few days, but it is meeting with every encouragement and will very likely be carried through. When the Queen's birthday regatta was given this spring many of the Puget Sound yachts were not in commission, and while it was a great success the attendance was not as large as it might have been under different circumstances. The Whatcom regatta did not draw the crowd that it should have either. At the time of the recent celebration Rear Admiral Stephenson promised to give a naval review some time this year, and the suggestion is made that the review and the regatta be held together.

The members of the yacht club are urged to turn out in large numbers this evening as if the proposition is to be taken up work must be begun upon it at once.

Nice Covers.

Samples of a very neat portfolio cover for America Photographed can be seen at the Times office. Orders will be received at 65 cents each and covers will be supplied two or three weeks after. The numbers of the portfolios when placed together in this cover will be a handsome ornament to the house.

SMUGGLERS SENTENCED.

Mulkey, the ex-Treasury Agent, Gets One Year in County Jail.

Portland, July 17.—C. J. Mulkey, ex-special agent of the treasury department, who was convicted last Decemebr of conspiring illegally to land Chinese, was sentenced to-day by United States District Judge Bellinger to one year's imprisonment in Multnomah county jail and to pay a fine of $5000. P. J. Bannon, another conspirator, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the county jail.

Judge Bellinger granted an order staying the execution of the sentences pending an appeal to the United States supreme court, and the defendants were released on bonds. William Dunbar, the third defendeant convicted on the charge, was not sentenced, as he is already under sentence for smuggling opium, and if sentenced on this charge the two would run concurrently, the defendant serving both sentences with one imprisonment.

The steamer Haytien Republic was to have been sold at auction this afternoon by United States Marshal Grady, but she still remains in the hands of the government for want of a bidder. The marshal read the order of sale, and stated that no bid of less than $20,000 would be entertained. This announcement appeared to settle the matter as far as a sale was concerned, and no bids were made. The sale was then postponed until July 28.

Tacoma, July 17.—George Wade, the famous opium smuggler of the Sound, was convicted this evening of smuggling 95 pounds of the drug. Two keys found upon him which fitted two peculiarly constructed trunks, convicted Wade. In order to show that the keys did not belong to trunks containing opium he had two more trunks of the same kind built, and then claimed that the two new ones were used for carrying his wardrobe. The trunks were of the largest Saratoga pattern, and Wade swore he was a waiter, but still had to have two big trunks for his wardrobe. One of his attorneys, Finlay Bryan, did not address the court until near the conclusion of the trial, when he arose and made an objection. Judge Gilbert, of Portland, who has never held court here before, at once said sharply, "Sit down, sir; when you have any objections to make, make them through your counsel." Bryan was nonplussed, but managed to inform the court that he was not the prisoner. The jury, spectators, attorneys and the prisoner all laughed, and it was half an hour before all ceased to smile. Wade is the man who made a sensational escape from McNeil's island penitentiary by crossing the straits to Victoria on a raft. He was subsequently shanghaied back into this country and compelled to serve his term out for smuggling. He wore diamonds in court.

RETURNING TO EUROPE.

Low Fares and Strike Failures Ridding the States of Unemployed.

Chicago, July 17.—The Evening Journal prints the following: The European low rates inaugurated by the trading steamship lines may result in a wholesale exodus from Chicago of many men connected with the late strike. Never before in the history of steamship rates has it been possible to go from Chicago to a European port so cheaply. Since the cut rates have been inaugurated, the exodus from Chicago and the northwest to various points in Europe has figured up a third of the local traffic to New York, according to the estimates of the local steamship lines, and the announcement of the last great cut in rates has ment started areal hegira of Europe-born people. Dozens of men, who say they were now on strike, have been making inquiries at local steamship offices within the last few days, expressing their intention of returning to the "old country" in case the strike was a failure. There are half a dozen interesting phases of the present situation, and there is much food for thought in the depletion of the standing army of unemployed in this country by the return of thousands of workers to their homes abroad. It is estimated that before long labor will be at a premium instead of a discount, and there not a few who figure on a season of prosperity, as a consequence of the return to Europe of thousands who have been in the past six months unsuccessful candidates for employment.

At no Time is Man Secure

From attacks of such painful and dangerous disorders of the stomach as Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Diarrhoea and Dysentery; but these complaints are particularly common during the heated term, when it is doubly dangerous to neglect them. Perry Davis' Pain-Killer is a remedy that has never failed when tried, and the severest attacks have been cured by it. It leaves no evil effects, and invariably brings relief to the sufferer. Every respectable druggist in the country sells Perry Davis' Pain-Killer. Large size new bottle, price 25c.

PROMINENT MASON DEAD.

Grand Commander of the Scottish Rite Dies at Washington.

Philip Crosby Tucker, grand commander of the Scottish Rite of the southern jurisdiction, died suddenly last week at his office in Washington city. He was elected at the last meeting of the supreme council at St. Louis in October, 1893, to fill the office made vacant by the death of J. C. Batchelor, who succeeded the late Albert Pike. His home was at Galvaston, Tex., but his business in connection with the rite frequently required his presence in Washington city. Mr. Tucker was elected an honorary member of the thirty-third degree in 1868, was crowned an active member April 3, 1870, and in October, 1884, he was elected grand prior, an office which he held until called to higher honors. He was well known in Texas as a prominent and able lawyer. He was 68 years old and a son of Philip Tucker, who was a prominent Vermont Mason half a century ago. Before the war, and while a comparatively young man, Mr. Tucker emigrated to the southwest. Always prominent in the life of his state, his character was best attested to by the confidence reposed in him during the stormy days of the rebellion. Before the fall of the south he had the position of provost marshal of Texas under Confederate Gen. Magruder. When the state came under the control of the union he was retained in the same or a similar position by the northern general in charge. Much of the government of Texas during the period of reconstruction was inspired by his advise and counsel.

Breckinridge Still Fighting.

Lexington, Ky., July 17.—Congressman Breckinridge and Mr. Owens addressed large audiences at Doneraii and Muir, in the Ashland district to-day. There were many ladies present at both meetings. The men near the rail threw bouquets at Breckinridge by the dozen, and the pious ones were shocked when he compared them to the women of old who sympathized with Stephen when stones were being cast at him. Breckinridge left for Washington city to-night, after kissing his son Desha good-bye in the presence of the audience. Mr. Owens handled Breckinridge's congressional record without gloves.

SOME TEA SECRETS.

Chinese Carefully Guard the Mode of Selection, Drying and Preparing.

Owing to the jealousy of the Chinese government preventing foreigners from visiting the districts where tea is grown, and the information derived from the Chinese merchants at the shipping ports, scanty as it was, not being depended on with any certainty, much mystery and confusion for a long time existed regarding the species yielding the varieties known to the trade as green and black teas, by which names they are best known to the public, many authorities contending that the former were produced exclusively from the green tea plant, and this latter solely from the black tea variety, while again it was held by others that both commercial varieties were produced from a single species, the difference in color, flavor and effect being due entirely to a disparity in the soil, climate, age and process employed in curing the leaves for market; also that green teas were grown from plants cultivated on the plains or low lands in soil enriched by manure and black teas from plants grown on hillsides or mountain slopes.

Later and more careful investigations, however, disprove all these opinions, it being now admitted, even by the Chinese themselves, that the green and black teas of commerce may be and are prepared at will from either and both species of the plant, different methods being pursued in the process of curing from the first stage, green teas only being distinguished from black by the fact that the former are not fermented in the process of curing or toning as high or as often by excessive heat as the latter in the firing process to which they are subjected before being twisted and curled.

It was also a commonly received opinion at one time that the distinctive odor of teas was imparted to them by being fired in copper pans. For this belief there is not the slightest foundation in fact, as copper is never used in the process of firing leaves, repeated experiments by unerring tests having conclusively proved that not in a single case has any trace of that metal been detected, the only difference lying in the different mode of preparation.

BOTH WANTED THE KITTENS.

Scheme of a Maternally Inclined Hen to Get a Family.

William H. Hancock has a remarkable zoological garden in his back yard. Some weeks ago Hancock's old tabby cat arrived at the state of maternity. "God said let there be kittens and there were kittens"—in profusion.

About the same time that all this occurred an old hen which had a nest in the neighborhood was seized with the maternal instinct and commenced incubating a china egg. After cherishing the bit of porcelain for some time, turning it and regarding it with hopeful interest daily, the hen became discouraged and conceived the idea of appropriating the ready made family of the cat, which she did. The hen simply drove the maternal feline away from her offspring and gathered the kittens under her wings. They may not have been exactly to her liking, but doubtless she found them more responsive than the china egg. She took charge of the kittens most of the time, but when she was obliged to go in search of food the old cat, watching her chance, would come and nourish the kittens.

So things went on until the kittens were bale to crawl about, when the old hen would sally forth with her brood, picking at the kitten that would not keep up with the procession by way of discipline. When finally the kittens were taken from their foster parent to go the way of all kittens to the water bucket, the hen protested, flying viciously at Mr. Hancock.

Her wrath was futile, however, and now the hen and the cat condole with each other in the back yard over the loss of their mutual family.—Virginia City Enterprise.

WHAT A CANNON BALL CAN DO.

Chance Shots in the Chilean War that Went Through Ironclads.

In dwelling upon the wonderful power of the guns of the Indiana, Albert Franklin Matthews, in an article on the "Evolution of the Battleship," in the Century for July, gives illustrations from the recent Chilean war showing the effectiveness of the smaller sizes of the breech-loading rifle guns.

A shot weighing 250 pounds from an eight inch gun of Fort Valdivia, in Valparaiso harbor, struck the cruiser Blanco Encalada above the armor belt, passed through the thin steel plate on the side, went through the captain's cabin, took the pillow from under his head, dropped his head on the mattress with a thump, but without injuring a hair, passed through the open door into the mess room, where it struck the floor and then glanced to the ceiling. Then it went through a wooden bulkhead one inch thick into a room 25x42 feet, where forty men were sleeping in hammocks. It killed six of them outright and wounded [illegible] of whom died after [illegible] which it passed through a steel bulkhead five inches thick and ended its course by striking a battery outside, in which it made a dent nearly two inches deep. It was filled with sand. Had it released deadly gases no one knows what injury it might have done.

A 450 pound missile from a ten inch gun in the same fort struck the same vessel on its eight inch armor. It hit square on a bolt. The shell did not pierce the armor, but burst outside the vessel. It drove the bolt clear through, and in its flight the bolt struck an eight inch gun, completly disabling it. Such is the power of the smaller sized guns.

A STRANGE COUNTRY.

Kafiristan, "The Roof of the World," in India.

China is absolutely governed by a bureaucracy, created by connections, examination, tempered by connections, interest and bribery. The universal ambition is to become a government official. There is the temptation of almost irresponsible power, with great prizes, and of many lucrative places; but, on the other hand, the blanks are innumerable, and the majority of the aspirants must resign themselves to mendicancy. Six or eight thousands competitors may be assembled. Each man is carefully searched in case he should have concealed cribs about his person. Then he is shut up with the examination papers for two days in an unfurnished cell about half the size of a roomy bathing machine. He brings his own food, such as it is, and in these disgriting conditions he dashes off various essays, and must show off verses by the page. Should he come out successful, it is much to his credit; but even then, unless he has influential friends, he may wait indefinitely for the beginnings of advancement. All the officials, from the highest to the lowest, are compelled to be oppressive and corrupt.—Saturday Review.

There has been of late some discussion on the use of sulphur on throat troubles, especially those of diphtheretic character. This is by no means a new remedy, having been used as a throat disease panacea in certain households for at least a quarter of a century. As soon as inflammatory symptoms made their appearance the throat was thoroughly dusted with sulphur, this treatment being repeated every hour if the case was severe. As only good could come from swallowing the powder, it was used with the utmost freedom. Sometimes teaspoonful doses were taken with the most satisfactory results. One of the very best preparations for throat affections is equal parts of sulphurous acid and glycerine. This may be diluted in the proportion of one teaspoonful of the mixture to half a glass of the water. The throat may be brushed with it, or it may be used as a gargle. Freely applied it will usually relieve all unpleasant symptoms at once, and persisted in, it rarely fails to cure the most obstinate cases. The objection to it is that it is too simple for the medical profession to approve.—New York Ledger.

Whether Pasteur and Koch's peculiar modes of treatment will ultimately prevail or not, their theory of blood contamination is the correct one, though not original. It was on this theory that Dr. J. C. Ayer, of Lowell, Mass., nearly fifty years ago, formulated Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

93 in 100

The experience of 25 years in Europe and America proves that NESTLÉ'S MILK FOOD agrees with 93 out of every 100 infants. Children fed on NESTLÉ'S FOOD are remarkably exempt from Cholera Infantum and all Summer Complaints, a fact of much importance in view of the approaching heat of Summer. Send for free sample and our book "THE BABY," mentioning this paper.

Thos. Leeming & Co., Montreal.

Nestlé's

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.

They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from a torpid liver or sluggish liver.

25 CENTS A BOX.

Ask Your Druggist for them.

Ladies,

Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 2 cents.

LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN.

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists Victoria. m-w-&F

GOOD, BETTER, BEST,

"The name tells the story."

are words to express comparative degrees of merit. E. B. EDDY'S Matches are above any comparison.

The best are

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

Argyle House.

We are Clearing Out the Following Lines of Goods:

A lot of Ladies' Parasols at cost price.
Ladies' Belts at cost price.
Childrens' Stockings reduced from 25c., 20c., and 15c., to 10c. a pair.
Boy's heavy ribbed Cotton Stockings reduced from 25c. to 15c.
A lot of Ladies' Jerseys at cost price.
All our stock of single width Dress Goods at cost.
Ladies' Beaded Capes below cost.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

Ladies' Undervests 10c. each, Childrens' Undervests 10c. each.
Ladies' Corsets 50c. a pair.
White quilts 90c. each.
Curtain Net for long curtains, taped and scollaped, 7 yds. for $1.00.
Lace Curtains taped and scollaped 50c. a pair.
Toilet Covers, white and with colored border, 25c. each.
White Calico, 20 yds. for $1.00.
Unbleached Calico, 20 yds. for $1.00.
Heavy White Sheeting, 20c. a yard.
Unbleached Sheeting, 20c. a yard.
Canton Flannel, 14 yds. for $1.00
Glass Cloth, 12 yds. for $1.00.
Crash Toweling, 14 yds. for $1.00.
Silecia Dress Lining, 3 yds. for 25c.
Table Linen, 20c. a yard.
Brooks' Sewing Cotton, best quality, 35c. a doz.
White Checked Muslins, 12 yds. for $1.00.
Black and Colored Cashmeres, 25c. a yd.

REMNANTS

Of Dress Goods, Ginghams, Prints, Embroideries, Ribbons, etc., cheaper than ever before.

J. Horner & Co.

88 DOUGLAS STREET.

Simpson, Strickland & Co

DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,

Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders

SOLE MAKERS OF

Kingdon's Patent Machinery,

—FOR—

STEAM LAUNCHES, ELECTRIC LIGHT and AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE

First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

The materials and the workmanship are the best.

Write for catalogue and price list.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO., works Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

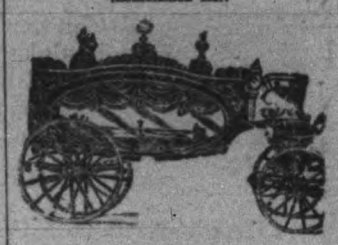
W. J. HANNA,

Graduate U. S. College of Embalming

PARLORS, 102 DOUGLAS ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)



Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

Office: 90 Johnson St.

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 30 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $300 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 205 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing

JOHN DODD,
Nanaimo, B. C.

je1-tf-d&w

S. A. Stoddart, 68 1-2 Yates St.

GREAT REDUCTIONS.

Waltham Watch Co., P.S. Bartlett, (stem wind)	$8 50
Appleton, Tracy & Co., (adjusted) (all new movements)	15 00
Low grades from	4 00
Watches cleaned	75
Main spring	75
New lever staff	1 25
Jewels	50
Clocks cleaned from	50

Jewelry repaired; Seal Teeth mounted in solid gold from $2, silver from $1; pipes mounted in solid silver, from 50c., gold $2.50. SPECIAL—Clocks regulated and repaired against accidents for 12 months. Called for and delivered at any residence where the cars pass.

S. A. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker. 68 1-2 Yates St.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

And Wood.

We are still supplying the BEST Coal and Wood in the market.

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ROLLER FLOUR MILL

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PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $5 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
138 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. y19-tf

Land Registry Act.

Sub-lot 18 of Lots 34 and 36, Springfield Estate (Map 207), Esquimalt District.

Whereas the certificate of title of Ernest Seburch to the above hereditaments bearing date the 7th April, 1891, has been lost or destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate, notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 30th June, 1894. jo30-1m

FASTEST VESSEL AFLOAT.

Wonderful Performance of the Torpedo-Boat Destroyer Daring.

A recent number of Engineering gives an account of the latest torpedo-boat destroyer built by Thornycroft & Co. for the British government. This vessel is called the Daring, and has easily proved herself a record breaker, for she showed on her trial a speed of a little over twenty-nine knots an hour, and thus could leave even her sister boat, the Hornet, behind in a race. The Daring is one of forty-two vessels of her class that have been ordered during the past two years, the Havoc and the Hornet having preceded her. She is 185 feet long, 19 wide and 13 deep. She has a freeboard of 7 feet and a flush deck. The height above water keeps the deck comparatively free from water when steaming against heavy seas.

The Daring, like all of her class, is a twin screw boat, and draws but 7 feet of water. As the larger of the single screw torpedo boats draw 7 feet 6 inches, she will be able, if occasion ever arises, to chase them through shallow water. The vessel has the style of stern peculiar to Thornycroft models. The breadth is carried well aft on the water line, though there is a good deal of "tumble home" at this part, and the end being round the view "end-on" is somewhat unusual. In order to secure an easy delivery the floor is sloped up from near amidships to the extreme end, where it is only just immersed, so that the model may be described as that of a horizontal wedge aft and a vertical wedge forward. This principle of design, though unusual in steamers, is well known to give very good results, both in regard to speed and rough weather qualities, for small sailing vessels, as shown by the north east cables and the New England fishing schooners. The two propellers are carried under the arched bottom, the shafts projecting through, and there are two suspended rudders, one hanging on each quarter on the same thwartship line as the propellers, to which they thus act as guards.

On the Daring's trial there were 73 people aboard, and with 19 tons of coal in the bunkers the displacement was 228.6 tons. The armament of these boats consists of one 12 pounder quick firing gun carried on the conning tower forward, five 6 pounder guns on the broadside and another in the centre line on a special mounting aft. There are three torpedo discharges for 18 inch torpedoes, one built in the bow, and two discharging carriaegs on deck aft and arranged as a pair. Each vessel will carry five torpedoes, three in position and two stowed under the turtle back forward.

The engines of the Daring and her sister ship the Decoy, just finished, are of a new design. They are of the three stage compound type, have cylinders 19 inches in diameter for the high pressure engine, 27 inches for the intermediate, and a pair 27 inches in diameter for the low pressure. The stroke is 16 inches. Each set of engines may be said to be divided into two parts. Thus the high pressure and intermediate cylinders form one half, while the two low pressure engines form the other. The cylinders are inclined from the vertical alternately to the right and left. Piston valves are not used, but the larger surfaces of the flat slide valves are balanced to relieve the pressure on the back. Following the line of the engines we have first the eccentrics and link motion which work the slide valve of the high pressure cylinder, which are run on an overhung part of the shaft. There is next a main bearing, after which come the high pressure and intermediate cranks. Immediately aft again is another main bearing, and then the eccentrics for the intermediate slide valve, which are followed by the forward low pressure eccentrics. Another main bearing follows and then the two low pressure cranks, after which another main bearing, and then the after low pressure eccentrics, beyond which is the throat block. The inclined position of the cylinders enables the axles to be brought close together in a fore-and-aft direction, and advantage is taken of this to introduce an arrangement of cranks that is certainly unusual for torpedo boat practice. In place of there being a separate two-web crank for each cylinder with a length of shaft between, there are three webs to the two crank pins, the centre web being common to both and receiving a crank pin at each end. The centre web has naturally to be twice as long, or nearly twice as long, as each of the others—the cranks being almost opposite to each other—and it may be said, therefore, that the cranks are double-webbed. It will be seen that by this arrangement there is a considerable gain in fore-and-aft space occupied, no inconsiderable advantage in craft of the torpedo boat type, where machinery occupies all the best part of the boat.

The boilers of the Daring are three in number. The total heating surface is close upon 8000 square feet, and the grate surface is 189 square feet. The boilers are placed in two stoke-holds, the forward hold having two boilers and the after hold one. The blades of the propellers, three in each screw, are of phosphor bronze, keyed into a boss in a novel manner, it having been found from experience that phosphor bronze requires somewhat different treatment from steel.

HEREDITY.

Odd Habits Bequeathed by Parents for Several Generations.

There is an old lady in New York, says the Evening Sun, who, when a young woman, was climbing over a rail fence to escape a big black hog. Her dress caught, gave away, and she fell, cutting her head just at the crown of the forehead. When the wound healed a slight scar showed on the forehead. To hide this she drew her hair down. Being unduly sensitive, she could scarcely refrain from finding if the hair was doing its duty by fingering the lock all through her life, and now, in any sudden moment of abstraction, her fingers fly to her hair. She has a daughter, now a married woman, who exhibits the same peculiarity. When the fashion of hair changed, and women turned their locks back, a la marquise, she found it becoming, but at first was annoyed at not finding her accustomed lock of hair she again adopted her bangs. Now she has a daughter, a girl of five, who has a way of catching her forelock like a groom. The family made an effort to break the habit, but gave it up as hereditary and hopeless.

There is a man who says that when a child he could not get to sleep without rubbing a piece of Canton flannel. When he got into trousers, and from that time since, when he grows meditative, he rubs the side of his trousers. He has a boy eight years old. The boy rubs the side of his trousers whenever he is studying or reading. As his fingers are not always clean, there is a certain area on his trousers that occasions much distress. This also is set down to heredity.

Now, pertaining to such cases, there is a paragraph in the Lancet which ridicules the transmission of these muscular peculiarities. They are merely family tricks and the result of imitation. Not only do such likenesses run in families, but tricks of manner, forms of speech, distinguished schoolboys educated at different schools. An Eton boy can be recognized anywhere, and Oxford and Cambridge imprint their own stamp on their students. These facts lead to the more important conclusion that education by imitation is not sufficiently considered in modern times. A girl who is a companion of a woman of good figure, responsive face and easy movement is more likely to be easy, graceful and engaging in conversation than one brought up by a clumsy woman from books. Companionship is at the root not only of manners, but of style and figure, which are often mistakenly attributed to breeding.

TOOK ADVANTAGE OF HIM.

Sad Story of a Guileful German and his Meerschaum Pipe.

His clothes were worn and his beard unkempt. His face was clean, and there was just the suspicion of a military curl clinging about the ends of his blonde moustache.

"No, he is evidently not a beggar," was the self comment of Edward J. Hardin, as he swung around from his mahogany desk to face his caller.

The man held his hat in his hand respectfully.

"Good morning, sir," he said, with a slight German accent. "I'm not here to ask a favor of you. I do want money, but I shall give value received for it," and he drew himself up proudly.

"Well," queried the merchant, "what is your proposition?"

The stranger put one hand into the pocket of his coat and pulled out an irregularly shaped bundle carefully wrapped in tissue paper.

"All through the years of the University of Leipsic," he said, "it was my companion. Donnerwetter! that I should be forced to part with it. My pipe! It has been with me always. But also it must go," and with a gesture of despair he held up a magnificent meerschaum, glowing with deep colors and mounted in old silver.

Hardin was a connoisseur in pipes, and he recognized the splendid value in the specimen before him.

"It must go. At $5 you shall have it."

Hardin took the beautiful piece of clay in his hands. He noticed that the silver clasp was broken, and that the inside of the bowl was black with much smoking. He pulled a roll of bill from his pocket and paid $5 to his unfortunate visitor. He was a bit troubled at taking advantage of the poor German's hard luck, but after all, he reflected, it was his own proposition and he would not accept charity.

That night Hardin stopped in at his tobacconist's to have the silver cover of the pipe repaired.

"Be careful of it," he said. "It is an old family heirloom and very valuable."

The tobacconist bowed respectfully. He is a tactful man. But when Hardin had gone out he held the precious pipe up to the light and then cut the edge of it with his knife.

"Valuable!" he said to his clerk. "Yes, it's valuable. Retail price, $3 a dozen. Made out of china. That pipe swindler has got in his work on Hardin."

But Hardin doesn't know it yet, and his heart still bleeds now and then when he remembers how he took advantage of the infirmities of a fellow man.—Chicago Mail.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. ttsaw

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

Appealing to the most critical tastes

MASTIFF

PLUG CUT

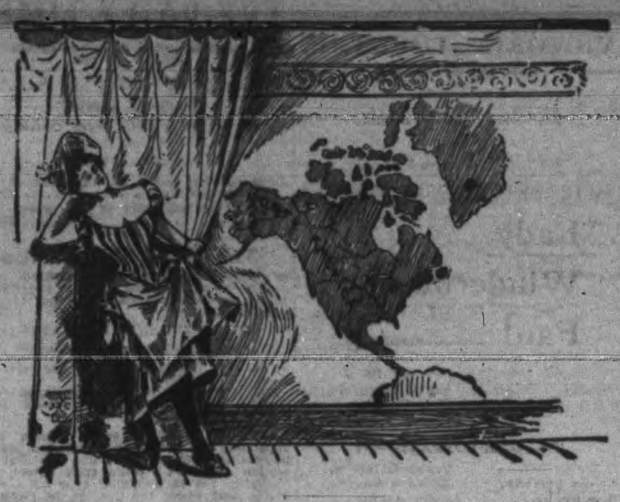
has become the standard smoking tobacco, even in competition with long established brands of recognized merit.

J. R. PAGE TOBACCO CO.,
Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

RUPTURE

More CURES have been effected by my Truss, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free.

CHARLES CLUTHE,
36 King St. W., Toronto.



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'Tis of Thee."

AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED tells you all about the "Land of Liberty." Its life-like photographs and splendid descriptions tell the story of America as it has never been told before.

It Costs Money to Travel,

but you can gaze at all the most interesting sights of North America if you are a reader of the Times and will clip the coupons at a cost of only ten cents a week.

Years of Travel

are represented by a glance at these photographs. Educate your children and yourself in the resources and scenic beauties of your own continent.

Not Old Reprints.

These photographic engravings are all published now for the first time. They were made especially for "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED." It is the greatest of all portfolios. There are twenty numbers in the series.

No. 15,

which is now offered, contains the usual number of beautiful pictures. Do not fail to secure this number.

HOW TO GET BACK NUMBERS: To those who have been unable to secure the preceding numbers of "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED," and desire to start in now and complete the great work, we offer a combination coupon, one of which with 10 cents for each part will procure a complete series.

Canada | Part 6 Coupon.

A COUPON APPEARS IN ALL ISSUES OF THIS PAPER.

Cut out this coupon and forward, together with 10 cents to the Art Department of this paper, and you will receive one part of CANADA, as per number in upper right-hand corner, by mail, post-paid, or bring the coupon and 10 cents to this office and receive Portfolio.

Name_____

Address_____

N. B.—Remember, only one Coupon required for each part.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 15.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 15 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

Back numbers, beginning at No. 1, may still be obtained at Times office.

The Dead Advertise Not.

NOTICE.

The Semi-Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Friday, the 20th instant, at 8 o'clock p.m.

BUSINESS:

Receiving the financial statements of the Secretary and Treasurer, the dispatch of such business as may come before the meeting and conducting the 75th Drawing for an Appropriation. See that your shares are not in arrears.

By order.

B. WILLIAMS, Secretary

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $100,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Sewerage Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $85,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Aid By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $25,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Exhibition Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Donald Urquhart, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to or having claims against the above estate are to make payment to or application for payment as the case may be to the undersigned.

Dated 19th June, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street, Victoria,
Solicitor for Alexander Urquhart the executor. jl9-1m

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Woods, V. S., of Ann, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 100 Yates Street. Telephone 192; residence telephone 417. Victoria, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynoecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul12-tf

DR. CORSAN has removed his office to the Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley streets. j28-2t

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 472.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery or Lombard's Music Store.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. jy18

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 3, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy18 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 128, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited.
R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E.
1-iy

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
R. C. SMITH Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best description of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. HUMBER,
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College, Has opened Dental Parlors at 95 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving to all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

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VICTORIA'S ELECTION
Is Fought and Won.

Pendray's Soap
Was the Able Champion.

It Quickly Removed all Obstacles and left only

A Clean Sheet.

Get Pendray's and You'll Have the Best.

Protection Island Coal
Mined by the NEW VANCOUVER COAL CO.
FOR SALE AT THE ROCK BAY COAL YARD
This is positively the best Coal mined in British Columbia.
TERMS STRICTLY CASH.
Telephone 512.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
ONE NIGHT ONLY!
Friday, July 20th.
Direction of Gustave Frohman.
OSCAR WILDE'S GREAT COMEDY!
Lady Windermere's Fan!
Performed 300 Nights at the St. James' Theatre, London, and 100 Nights at Palmer's Theatre, New York.
:—THE COMPANY—:
Olive Oliver, Frank Gilmore, Laura Gilvray, Edward Emery, Nita Sykes, John Archer, Louise Douglas, Robert Jenkins, Leona Clark, Clifford Leigh, Minnie Nixon, Walter S. Dolman, Margaret Yates, James Loan, Etta Morris, Mrs. Fairmont.
PRICES: $1.00, 75c and 50c.
Seats now on sale at Jamieson's.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A Housekeeper; widow, without encumbrances preferred. Address L. G., Times office. jy17-tf

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—The staunch little schooner Hesperus, register 20 tons. Apply Wm. Turpel's shipyard. j2-1m

FOR SALE OR TO LET—An Ennis & Co., Piano on easy terms. Apply 42 John St., Rock Bay. m31-1m

TO LET.

FIRST CLASS, well-furnished rooms to let, and housekeeping accommodation at Miss McCandless's, 103 Superior St. jy16

TO LET—Three rooms and kitchen, partially furnished. Apply 116 Pandora avenue. jly6-1w

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

Gold and Silver Extraction.

The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ld., of Glasgow, (the Macarthur Forrest Cyanide Process),
is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.
All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.
All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. je21

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BIG DROP IN PRICES TO SUIT HARD TIMES
Call on us and SAVE MONEY on your GROCERIES.
JOHNS BROS., 281 DOUGLAS ST

ROSES
Extra strong plants of Choicest Old and New Varieties suitable for this climate.
Orders taken for fall delivery.
ANDREW OHLSON,
Oakland Nursery, Victoria, B.C

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THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

PROTECTION IN THE STATES.

That protection has been a decided failure in Canada the great majority of Canadians will readily admit, the unbelieving minority being made up of those who are permited to tax their fellows under the mistaken system. Even the ministers are not prepared to advance the bold statement that the country is doing as well as predicted when the N. P. was first brought forward as a nostrum. Have they not been busily engaged in the devising of ways and means to stifle the popular clamor for tariff reform, while paying due attention to the commands of their "protected" friends? The men who should have continued the most earnest championship of the N. P. principle; those who are still fatuous by their actions.

Canada, however, has had a comparatively short trial of the protectionist principle; those who are still fatuous enough to believe in it may therefore plead that the trial is not conclusive. Then what about the United States? Our neighbors have been "protecting" themselves for something over thirty years, and surely their experience ought to furnish decisive testimony on one side or the other. An instructive summing up of the situation by the New York Post shows very clearly on which side the testimony is. As the Post states by way of introduction, the conditions under which the trial has taken place could not have been more favorable to protection. "We have had," it says, "thirty years of rule by a protectionist party, which made such alterations in the tariff, twenty-five in all, as it thought proper, and ended in the highest, as well as the most carefully studied tariff ever invented by civilized man. Could the system be tried under more favorable conditions? Is it likely that it will ever be tried under conditions half so favorable in any civilized country? It must be remembered, too, that in order to be successful in the highest sense of the term, a tariff must produce such plain and unquestioned prosperity as to make the great bulk of the people love it and cling to it. It must not depend on what the newspapers or lecturers or stump orators say for its utility. It must commend itself to the public beyond peradventure as the greatest cause of industrial activity and success. People must not only say, 'How happy we are,' but 'How happy our tariff has made us.'" When the Post comes to examine the results of the thirty years of high tariff it finds:

In that time, so far from winning over the whole community to protection, a large and powerful party has risen up against it, and succeeded in twice electing a low tariff or free trade president and congress, both pledged to getting rid of the protective system, and has filled the land with denunciations of this system, both in principle and practice.

But if it has not succeeded in winning over the people to its support, perhaps it has done something to purify political life and bring the most intelligent men of the country to the work of administering the government. On the contrary it has supplied us with a senate which does not contain a single really eminent man, which is largely composed of millionaires reveling in fortunes of dubious origin, who have had within a fortnight to submit to the immense humiliation of an individual examination as to whether they have not been speculating in the stock exchange on their own legislation. In fact, were we to judge of the tariff by the condition of congress, we should say it had driven most really distinguished men out of public life.

But perhaps if it has not purified politics it has improved the condition of the laborer by increasing his wages and attaching him to the industrial system which the tariff fosters. By no means. It has filled the mines and factories with hundreds of thousands of half-civilized foreigners drawn from the lowest races of Europe, who live in a state of savage and chronic discontent, are not only bitterly hostile to their employers, but to the social organization which shelters them, and fill the land, month by month, with strikes, riots, murders, arsons, boycotts, train robberies, obstruction of highways, and defiance of the constituted authorities.

Well, if it has not contented the laboring class, perhaps it has reconciled the farmers, who are after all the bone and sinew of the country, to the protective system, by showing them the factory beside the farm, and the operative consuming greedily at high prices their garden truck and hogs and hominy and wheat. Nothing of the sort. The farmers all through the north and west are full of exasperation against the people who lend them money and build railways for them, and they have abandoned the American theory of government wholly and taken up the modern European or paternal one, which expects the government to find a market for the producer, in which prices will be high for those who sell and low for those who buy, and to provide them with cheap money of high purchasing power—in other words money which will be easy to get and yet hard to spend.

In short, we do not recall in human history an experiment more completely tried, and of which the results are plainer than our protective system, except that of absolute monarchy in France, and it has produced almost as great moral chaos. The country is full of the anti-social, anarchical and crazy ideas of the power of government which preceded the French revolution, and they have grown out of the thirty years of protection as plainly as the French ones grew out of fifty years of licentious despotism. Not the least diverting part of the prevailing folly is the high tariff attempt to fasten the responsibility for it on the free traders, as if it was not the function of a tariff to silence and route free traders by the display of its own beneficence. The number of theories which in practice would make the world happy, if the wicked would only cease from troubling, is immense. But how to muzzle the wicked is a chief part of the problem of reform.

Respecting the French treaty the Toronto Mail says: "We are to get nothing unless we establish a French service, and the French are to receive not only all that we say in the treaty we will give, but all that we may in future give to any foreign country. It looks as if France had really somewhat the advantage of us. But our European friends have practically more than appears in this relation of the case. Their tariff against us was severe enough two or three years ago. Before they would negotiate they raised their tariff and wiped out their bounties to foreign-built wooden ships, such as in the past we have supplied. Having thus arranged matters they were ready for diplomatic action, and the result of their diplomacy is to get advantages form Canada and to offer to place us where we were before, in respect of a few articles, under the conditions just related. The treaty really gives us nothing in a very handsome and condescending manner. Mr. Foster says it is the first fruits of our diplomacy. So it is. Nobody hopes that it may be the last; but let us sincerely hope that it may be the worst."

Ottawa Journal: A deficit of half a million dollars in current expenditure or "consolidated fund" is in sight for the Dominion year just ended, with an additional deficit of two or three million dollars, spent on "capital account." With the revised tariff, which is cutting down customs receipts, and the resultant probability of further decreased revenue next year, the necessity for the strictest government economy becomes apparent.

The News-Advertiser kindly rises to tell us that the provincial government will not need to call a special session of the legislature, and that they will manage by continuing their "bold" system of finance, based largely on the use of special warrants. We are much obliged for our contemporary's effort at enlightenment, but we must confess that we still stumble over the fact that the issue of special warrants pre-supposes the presence of money in the treasury, a condition which does not at present exist. We can readily appreciate the facility with which the Davie government takes money out of the strong box by means of special warrants, but no man has yet explained how special warrants can be used to put money into the strong box. There's the rub, as Hamlet observes.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Action About School Desks Involving Infringement of Patent.

The motion for an injunction brought by the Globe Furniture Co., and Francis R. Beal against Muirhead & Mann and the Board of School Trustees came up before Mr. Justice Walkem this morning. The plaintiffs are manufacturers of the Globe school desks, for which they have the patent, and they put in a tender for the contract for supplying the new schools here. Muirhead & Mann also tendered and on the 6th of November last entered into a contract with the school board to supply the desks for about $3,000. The contract called for desks similar to the "Globe desks." Subsequently Muirhead & Mann contracted with the Albion Iron Works for the iron work to fit the wooden work which iron work bears the stamp of the "Globe" and the desk when finished, the plaintiffs claim, is an exact model of their dask. They now claim an injunction restraining Muirhead & Mann from delivering the desks in pursuance of the contract and the trustees from paying for the desks. When the matter came up, Mr. Jay for Muirhead & Mann, asked for an adjournment pending a settlement and the hearing was adjourned until Tuesday next. It is understood that the infringement of the patent is admitted and a settlement will likely be effected. Helmcken for plaintiffs, Powell for school board and Luxton for Albion Iron Works Company.

THE TARIFF BILL.

A Basis Agreed to for Settling the Disagreement—A Demand from Chicago.

Washington City, July 19.—The programme for handling the tariff disagreement when it is reported to the house to-morrow was substantially agreed upon this afternoon. Mr. Wilson will make a verbal report as soon as the house convenes. Mr. Catching from the committee on rules, will thereupon present a special rule allowing two hours or debate, at the end of which time a vote will be taken on again sending the bill to the conference. It is expected that there will be no objection to the rule. Mr. Wilson and Mr. Reed will each control one hour.

A house Democratic member of the conference outlined to the Associated Press the following lines of agreement and disagreement in the conference, summarized by schedules, as follows:

Schedule A, chemicals, oils and paints—Agreements on all points of dispute were obtainable.

Schedule B, earth, earthenware and glassware—Agreements on main differences could have been adjusted.

Schedule C, metals and manufactures of—The disagreements were wide on ores and manufactured metals, with little common ground for agreement.

Schedule D, wood and manufactures of—Agreement could have been secured.

Schedule E, sugar—The disagreement was positive and vital, and was the point of difference in the conference.

Schedule F, tobacco and manufactures of—No trouble was apparent in reaching an agreement.

Schedule G, agricultural products and provisions—The differences were open to adjustment, but no final agreement was reached on any of them.

Schedule H, spirits, wines and other beverages—A basis of agreement had been reached.

Schedule I, cotton, manufactured—An agreement could have been reached, although points of difference still exist.

Schedule J, flax, hemp and jute—Some differences yet remained to be adjusted, but an agreement was not considered difficult.

Schedule K, wool and manufacturing of—While some differences existed, they could have been adjusted.

Schedules L, M, and N, silk, paper and sundries—Occasioned little difference and agreements were easy.

Chicago, July 18.—The following message was forwarded to Washington City to-day: "Chicago, July 18.—To the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress Assembled: The whole country demands that congress terminate the pending tariff legislation immediately. Failure to impose of the question quickly will work incalculable loss and irreparable injury to financial and industrial interests." It was signed by two banks and eighty of the leading business firms, Marshal Field & Co., and P. D. Armour & Co., heading the list.

THE MARKETS.

Short Summary Covering Articles of Every Day Consumption.

Island eggs have been driven 5 cents lower by the eastern article and are retailing at 25 cents per dozen. Eastern eggs are selling at 20 cents. Island strawberries and cherries are becoming quite scarce and there will not be very many more in this market. Prices remain about as usual. California fruits are coming in in large shipments and are meeting with very ready sale. The fruits brought by the Warrimoo particularly the pine apples, have found free sale. The general volume of business remains the same, with the exception of an increased trade in certain lines caused by the opening of the canneries. Retail prices are below

Flour	
Albany	5 00
Ogilvie's (Hungarian)	5 50
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	5 50
Premier	5 50
Three Star	5 00
Victoria	5 00
Wheat, per ton	30 00@35 00
Oats, per ton	34 00@40 00
Barley, per ton	32 00@35 00
Middlings, per ton	30 00
Bran, per ton	27 00@30 00
Ground Feed, per ton	30 00@35 00
Corn, whole	45 00
" cracked	50 00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs	40
Oatmeal, per 10 lb	50
Rolled oats, per 10	5
Potatoes, new California	1 3-4@2
Potatoes, new Island	1 1-2
Potatoes, seed	2
California sweet potatoes, per lb	3
Cabbage	3
Hay, baled, per ton	18 00@20 00
Straw, per bale	1 00
Onions, per lb	4@5
Eggs per dozen	25
Eggs, eastern	20
Sugar per pound	6 1-2
Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs)	60@75
California Creamery	60@75
Cheese, Canadian, per lb, retail	20
" American, per lb	18@20
Hams, American, per lb	20
" Canadian, per lb	17@20
Bacon, American, per lb	22
" Rolled, per lb	18
" Long clear, per lb	17
Shoulders, per lb	14
Lard, per lb	15@20
Pig's feet, per doz	75
Tongues and Sounds, per kit	2 25
Meats—Beef, per lb	7@18
Sides, per lb	8@10
Mutton, per lb	8@15
Pork, fresh, per lb	12@15
Chickens, per pair	1.50@2.00
Turkeys, per lb	20@25
Geese, per lb	20@25
Fish—Smoked salmon (spring) per lb	15
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	10@12
Rabbits, apiece	50
Salmon (Smoked), per lb	8@10
Halibut	10@15
Smoked halibut	12 1-2
Cod, per lb	8@10
" (Kit), per lb	12 1-2
Small fish	5@8
Smelts, per lb	10@12
Sturgeon, per lb	7@8
Herring (Labrador), per doz	50
" (smoked) "	50
Eastern oysters, fresh, per quart	75
Fruits—Apples per lb	4@8
Oranges—California.	
" Seedlings	25
" Naval	40@50
Lemons, California, per doz	25@35
" (Australian)	25@30
Pine apples, apiece	25@50
Island Rhubarb, per lb	3
Cauliflower, per doz	1 00
Green peas, per lb	8
Strawberries, per lb	8@10
Apricots per box	1 15
Peaches per box	1 25
Cherries, per lb	15
Yams, per lb	4
Raspberries per lb	8
Gooseberries, per lb	8
Pears per box	1 40

—South Sea Islanders open on Friday at Oak Bay. Acquatic exhibition free. Cars run every ten minutes.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises. Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

THE ELECTIONS.

Graham Leads the Chief Commissioner in East Yale.

Returns received from the northern portion of East Yale give Mr. Graham, the opposition candidate, a majority of 56. No word has been received from the southern portion of the district, where Hon. Mr. Vernon, the government candidate, is considered to be strong. The returns so far received are Enderby, Graham 30, Vernon 44; Armstrong, Vernon 25, Graham 96; Vernon City, Vernon 93, Graham 124; Mara, Vernon 15, Graham 6; O'Keefe's, Vernon 10, Graham 12; White Valley, Vernon 42, Graham 17. This makes thus far Vernon 229, Graham 285.

The latest returns from the south riding of West Kootenay give Hume, opposition, 403, Buchanan, government, 213. There are two small places to hear from.

Capt. Irving will leave to-night for Cassiar on the Danube, and will remain there until after polling in the coast districts. He takes with him a steam launch in which he will visit the settlements on the coast and rivers. Mr. Dalby is still in the field as a candidate, and Mr. Collins, of Vancouver, will uphold the straight opposition ticket.

Jam Jars, Mason's,
At Russell & McDonald's.

To the Electors: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote J. W. MELLOR, Fort Street, Above Douglas.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—$1.50 will take you to Nanaimo and back on Saturday. *

—The wires were down last night just east of Mission, the result of brush fires.

—Carter House billiard and pool parlors, Duck Building, Broad street. tf.

—The Jubilee hospital board will meet at the office of Yates & Jay on the evening of July 28.

—Some very pretty Japanese crepes to hand, new designs and colors. Our lady patrons will be glad to hear the news. Weiler Bros.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—There have been several brush and wood fires of late, and the firemen are kept going. Nearly every fire is the result of carelessness which could have been avoided.

—All who are interested in the formation of a social and literary club here are invited to attend a meeting to be held next Monday evening at the reading room of the defunct Victoria club.

—The steamer Danube will sail this evening for the north. The folowing cabin passengers go up: John Cunningham, Rev. D. Jennings, Victor Austin, Miss Wakely, W. Leak, Mrs. Clifford, W. Moris, R. Cunningham and wife and H. W. Price.

—The funeral of Miss Lizzie Murray took place yesterday. Rev. W. L. Clay officiated and the pall bearers were: E. Mallandaine, jr., J. Mallandaine, J. H. Martin, George Chadwick, John Muirhead, James McL. Muirhead, D. H. Anderson, and Carl Lindquist.

—William Jensen, who applied for and was refused a retail liquor license for the Board of Trade building, will make a similar application at the next meeting of the board. The merits of the case were not gone into, the application being refused because it was not signed by a sufficient number.

—Fairall's brewery, Victoria West, established and managed by H. S. Fairall, has been purchased by Stephen O'Brien and Gus Varrelman. The latter will assume the active management of the brewing to-day. His ability in that line is well-known and the old success of the place will be kept up. Beer, ale and porter will be made.

—Hugh Munro, until recently a farmer at James Island, died yesterday at the residence of Mrs. Anderson, 23 North Park street. The deceased was a native of Rosseshire, Scotland, and 75 years of age. He leaves three sons and three daughters, all of whom are married. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

—The ladies of St. Mark's church will give their midsummer bazar and concert this afternoon and evening at Temperance hall, Pandora street. The ladies are offering a large amount of plain and fancy work, and every article should be sold. At the concert this evening there will be an excellent programme, in which the best soloists of the flagship band will take part.

—The Rev. Victor Rosenstein, who filled the pulpit of the Stepney (London) synagogue for twelve years, will conduct the services and deliver a lecture in the synagogue in this city to-morrow evening at 7.30. The rev. gentleman, who is well known as a fine cantor, is a candidate for the position of minister to the Hebrew congregation of Victoria, it being at the present time without a spiritual guide. It is expected that the synagogue will be well filled to-morrow, all seats being free.

—There was a large crowd at Institute hall last night to witness the entertainment got up by the ladies of St. Andrew's cathedral. The blackbird pie was a great feature, the little ones singing and acting well. Mrs. Sheldon's solo was greatly appreciated and an encore was demanded. The songs by Mr. Boynton and Miss Lyons, the duet by Miss Wilson and Miss Wilkes, the recitation by Miss Keefe and the instrumental trio by the Misses Sehl and Frank Sehl were all very good. The Bantly family played a number of choice selections. Ice cream, raspberries and other refreshments were served. The proceeds go to the church.

—The island sheep stealing case was concluded in the provincial police court this morning. Both, Walter Beall and Domingo Silva were found guilty and each sentenced to two months' imprisonment, the latter with hard labor attached. The prisoners did not make any defence. There were four in the party when the deer were killed and stolen, but the other two did not know what had been alone till afterwards. They were all on the way to Plumpers Pass, and stopped at Williams island. The two convicted went ashore and shortly afterwards a few shots were heard. When they returned they said they had killed a couple of deer. On the way back they called for the carcasses and it developed that they were those of sheep.

—Family scales at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—We can recommend the "Mason" fruit jar as thoroughly reliable. Weiler Bros. *

—The I. O. O. F. excursion committee will meet to-morrow night in Odd Fellows' hall.

—I. O. O. F. excursion to Seattle on steamer Islander Saturday, July 28th. Return trip $1.50. *

—Prepare for the "fruit season" by getting your preserving crocks, kettles, etc., at Weiler Bros.' *

—The B. C. B. G. A. band has been engaged for the I. O. O. F. excursion to Seattle on Saturday, July 28th. *

—The members of Sunset lodge, K. of P., are arranging for an excursion to Tacoma during August.

—E. E. Blackwood, agent of the Northern Pacific railway, has been notified that his company are prepared to handle freight to and from the east and to any points along their line.

—Johnny, the crazy Chinese domestic who has been in the custody of the police for several days, was to-day ordered committed to the Westminster asylum. He will be taken up to-morow morning.

—The W. C. T. U. is holding a meeting in Temperance hall this afternoon. A question box on "Scientific temperance in our public schools" will be conducted, and there will be a paper on "Finance."

—It is probable that the Nanaimo Telegram will be revived, or at least the plant will be used for publishing a paper with another name. Mr. Howell, late of Mission and Westminster, will be at the helm.

—Sam Scanlan, charged with being drunk and disorderly, had the police court to himself this morning. He was convicted, but as it was his debut he was let go with a warning not to repeat the offence.

—A naval court of inquiry is being held on the Hyacinth at the dry dock today, estimating the damages sustained while south by going ashore. A large section of her keel is gone and other damages to her bottom were sustained. The court is sitting aboard H. M. S. Royal Arthur.

—Charles Halton, with advance brigade No. 1 of the Syndicate Shows and Paris Hippodrome, is in the city. There are twenty men in the brigade, and they are all bill posters. They are to-day plastering all the bill boards in the city with wonderful lithographs heralding the coming of the show on July 26 for a two days' stand. Mr. Hickman, press agent of the concern, is also in the city.

—To the surprise of a number of local business people, W. C. Bowman, a popular commercial man of Kansas City, turned up yesterday looking hale and hearty. He was thought to be dead. A man of his name and similar business died recently in the east and the news was sent to the coast papers. Everybody felt sorry for poor Bowman, and everybody's hair stood on end when Mr. Bowman turned up. If Mr. Bowman were only a drinking man!

—The London correspondent of the Fur Trade Review writing on June 12 says among other things: Considering the very large offering of American and Australian furs, prices must have been fairly satisfactory to the shippers. Although it is as yet too early to know what catch to expect of fur seals, the northwest coast collection is, however, expected to be one-third less than the catch of 1893. Business has somewhat improved during the last months, but is still far from satisfactory.

—Dunsmuir & Sons have discharged the entire crew of the Wellington and sent the vessel over to Sausalito to lie up, says the San Francisco Call. The Wellington has been making regular trips to British Columbia for a long period of time and her sudden withdrawal from the coal-carrying trade is something of a surprise. Business is not rushing, and there is more coal in the market than is in demand at present. It is not thought that the Wellington will be laid off for any great length of time.

—In "Lady Windermere's Fan," which [illegible] the opera house to-morrow evening, Oscar Wilde will disappoint no one. People expect something out of the ordinary from him, and they always get it. His personality is so unique that it is permitted by decent people to say and do things which in ordinary people would not be tolerated for a moment. He writes books and plays, making his characters generally wicked, what Bertie, "the Lamb," would call "a devil of a fellow." Mr Wilde regards life as a gigantic comedy. He will have laughter at any price, even though the laugh be against himself, and if Mr. Wilde's efforts are presented with a high moral end in view they certainly do no harm and are highly amusing.

Jam Jars.

Mason's procelain lined lids in gross lots or by the dozen at Russell & McDonald's.

"CORONAS" $4 per doz. Former price $7, and a large CRAYON, $1.

"Coronas are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Ekeno Lowe, 63 Government street.

WESTMINSTER EXHIBITION.

The Date Fixed—The Governor-General Invited to be Present.

The annual exhibition of the Royal Agricultural and Industrial society will be held at New Westminster on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, 9th, 10th and 11th of October.

The following letter has been received by Mr. A. B. Mackenzie, secretary, in reply to the invitation extended to the governor-general and Lady Aberdeen to attend the opening of the exhibition.

Government House, Ottawa, July 10th, 1894.—Dear Sir: His excellency desires me to acknowledge with thanks your courteous letter of the 30th June. His excellency recognizes the importance and interest of the occasion, and will be extremely glad if it is possible for him to visit the exhibition, but at persent he is unable to say with any definiteness whether it will be in his power to be present upon any of the dates specified. He will, however, carefully keep the matter in view, and let you know as much before hand as possible whether he can have the pleasure of being present during the exhibition. I remain, yours faithfully, W. T. G. Hewet, Priv. Sec.

If his excellency should come to the province about the time mentioned, he will no doubt be invited to open the Provincial exhibition in Victoria.

Mason's Fruit Jars Are Best.

At Russell & McDonald's.

ABOUT THE PERFORMERS.

What the Anaconda Standard Says of the People With the Circus.

In its issue of July 5 the Anaconda Standard says of the Syndicate circus. The combination of performers and artists in the Great Syndicate Show and Paris Hippodrome is one that is hard to surpass in any circus. Mlle Monetta, the iron-jawed woman, won thunders of applause. Jimmy McElroy, the bare-back hurdle rider, performed daring feats with an ease and agility that stamps him without a peer in his line. Miss Lillie Parsons, the pretty and graceful 10-year-old rider, rode into the hearts of all there. King and Devine, the flying trapeze performers, made leaps through the air that sent thrills down several thousand spinal columns. Miss Mildred Murray, queen of the side saddle, created a sensation on her thoroughbred Kentucky horse. Clark D'Alma's performing monkeys and the trained ponies were very interesting, while the D'Alma family, including Harry, John and Miss May, and the child D'Alma, proved novel and entertaining acrobats, as did the four Devine acrobats, Paul, King, James and Ned, who were divine in their line of business. The races were well carried out, and proved very exciting. There were sack races, chariot races, Roman standing races, hurdle, jockey, wheelbarrow, man vs. horse race, steeplechase, obstacle race, and then there were races of the ponies ridden by monkeys, and the donkey races. It was agood show, and those who did not have the chance to see it on the Fourth can see it Friday, as performances will be given both afternoon and evening. It will be the only circus here this year, and no one should miss it. On Saturday a benefit will be given to the A. R. U.

Mason's Jam Jars.

Pints, per dozen, $1.25; quarts, per dozen, $1.50; half gallons, per dozen, $2; extra rubbers, 25 cents per dozen, at Russell & McDonald's, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

UNITED SERVICE LODGE, A.F.A.M

Installation of Officers Last Night, Followed by a Banquet.

The officers of United Service Lodge, Esquimalt, were installed last night by the grand officers, Bros. McMicking, McKeown, Quinlan, Glover and about twenty other members of the craft in Victoria visiting at the interesting ceremony. The officers of the new lodge are: W. M., Bro. Hickey; S. W., Bro. Muir; J. W., Bro. H. E. Hammond; treasurer, Bro. Perkins; secretary, Bro. McKnight; S. D., Bro. Bentley; J. D., Bro. [illegible]; D. C., Bro. Ellis; I. G., Bro. Fox; stewards, Bros. Brown and Hobs; tyler, Bro. C. Hammond.

After installation the members of the United Service lodge entertained the visitors at a banquet, the table being spread in the hall. Aobut sixty chairs were occupied, and the dinner, which was admirably prepared by R. S. Brown, wardroom messman of the Royal Arthur, with the subsequent toast list, occupied the undivided attention of the party until 2 a.m. The excellent string band from the flagship contributed not a little to the pleasure of the evening.

The toast list was as follows: The Queen and the Craft, the M. W. G. M. of B. C., the R. W. D. G. M. of B. C. and Grand Lodge Officers Past and Present, M. W. G. M. of England, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, the Worshipful Master, Bro. Hickey, the Visitors, Senior and Junior Wardens, Absent Brethren, Sister Lodges, the Ladies, the Press, the Tyler's Toast. Suitable responses were made in each case, and when God Save the Queen was sung a unanimous vote was recorded that the event in all its details was of a very pleasing character.

Open for Business.

The Northern Pacific railroad is now open for business to all points east and south. Passengers ticketed through to all points in Canada, the United States and Europe. Office, Adelphi building, Government street. E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent. *

—The teachers' exams closed yesterday. There were 305 candidates, the largest on record. The results will not be known for about two weeks.

Use Findley's Borax Soap

And you will have your flannels soft and white. Try it once and you will use no other.

VICTORIA SOAP WORKS, Cor. Herald and Government Sts.

Great Slaugter Sale

—AT THE—

MANCHESTER HOUSE

OF

Jackets, Capes, and Blouses

FOR ONE WEEK

T. HAUGHTON & CO.

The British Columbia

SUGAR REFINERY

...PRICE LIST...

Granulated, in Bbls., or 100 lb., Bags	4½c. per lb.
Yellow, according to quality,	3⅞ to 4¼c. "
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5½c. "
Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6c. per lb.

(Applicable to Lots of 5 Barrels or equal)

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.

Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.

Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B. C. Sugar See That You Get It.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

SOUTH SEA ISLANDERS!

50---MEN AND GIRLS---50

Representing the different Races of Polynesia, will open for a few days at

Oak Bay on or About Friday, July 20.

This company is far more complete than the Famous WORLD'S FAIR troupe, who were brought out under the same management, and who made such a great success at the MIDWAY PLAISANCE.

Entertainments Will Be Given Daily : : :

Afternoon and evening, and the whole company will appear in Native War and Feast Dances and Songs, Club and Spear Exercises, and in Feats of Agility and Strength, and in acts which are altogether indescribable, yet novel, attractive and instructive.

ADMISSION TO THE PAVILION 25c; CHILDREN 10c

A Free Aquatic Exhibition : : :

Will be given in front of the Mount Baker Hotel, consisting of Canoe Paddling and Sailing, Swimming and Diving, by the Men and Girls, who are probably the best swimmers in the world. Every evening at 7 p.m., weather permitting, the troupe will sing Native Boat Songs from their canoes. During the stay of this great attraction the Victoria Electric Railway Company will run cars at short intervals from noon until 12 p.m. jly17-5t

WEILER BROS.,

51 to 55 Fort Street.

The following Goods have been received during the last few days:

RATTAN AND BAMBOO GOODS, Great Variety,
WILTON HEARTH RUGS, Special Value,
SEAMLESS WILTON SQUARES, All Sizes,
SEAMLESS TAPESTRY SQUARES, Various Sizes,
BORDERED COCOA MATS,
FIGURED JAPANESE CREPES.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

AN INCH OF LAND,

Shaving Down a Four-Story House to Bring It Within Limits.

The Elba apartment house, owned by Z. and Z. H. Lee, is four stories in height, and occupies 30 feet front on Van Ness avenue, says the San Francisco Examiner. After standing in its place for two years it was discovered a short time ago that it was a fraction of an inch on the land of Thomas B. Evans, adjoining. Mr. Evans had a surveyor go carefully over the ground, and he reported that the front line of the house on Van Ness avenue was three-quarters of an inch on the Evans property, and the encroachment increased to five-eighths of an inch on the rear-line, 90 feet back.

Mr. Evans notified the Messrs. Law, and they sent for the men who built the house, and he went all over the ground with another surveyor. The Laws offered to pay $100 for the inch or the fraction thereof, but Evans had sent his engineer to the top of the building, and he dropped a plumb line and declared that the wall extended one and a half inches at the top over the line at the bottom. Evans added that to the three-fourths of an inch on the ground line, and declared that, taken up and down and back, there was an encroachment of two and a half inches.

Then the Laws said that they would pay $100 an inch for all encroachment that could be demonstrated. The estimated value of lots in that locality is said to be about $300 a foot front, and $100 an inch the Laws held to be very good pay. But Evans said he would take $350 and nothing less. This the Laws would not give. Through the contractor, who carried on all the negotiations, they said: "Mr. Evans, if we see on your property we will get off.

And the next day ladders were swung from the roof against the side of the house and men began to chisel from three-quarters to an inch and a half off the brick wall. Chip by chip as the hammers fall, Mr. Evans' land is being cleared and a perpendicular shaving from the brick wall is being scattered over the neighborhood.

DISEASES OF THE WILL.

Instances of Men and Women Losing Their Power of Volition.

Persons who are interested in the curious side of human nature should look into the work of the French doctor and scientist, Ribot, on the diseases of the human will, where are to be found some extraordinary instances of men and women losing their powers of volition in regard to certain acts while they keep fully alive and active in all others.

Eschewing all research as to first causes, Ribot takes volition as a form of activity and studies it in a purely pathological sense. That strange power in us which every day says "I will," that power which "summons, suspends or dismisses," as another Frenchman, Renouvier, defines it; that force in us and behind us which, in its ultimate possibilities can hardly be limited, is shown in this work to be subject to the strangest disease and to be modified in the most peculiar manner.

There are some persons, and they enter into all the daily circles of life, says the New York Sun, whose wills are so soft and pliant that they need the strength of another will joined to theirs before they can act. This common phase of a weak will is accentuated in disease to a degree hardly deemed possible by the non-observant. Persons suffering from this form of diseased volition can will themselves according to the dictates of reason. They can feel a desire to act, but they cannot make a move toward that end. They are powerless to translate that desire into an act.

Esquirol mentions in this instance the case of a magistrate highly distinguished for his learning and his power as a speaker, who was seized with monomania in consequence of certain troubles of the mind. He regained his reason, but would not go into the world again, though he acknowledged himself to be in the wrong in not doing so. When advised to travel or attend to his much neglected affairs, he would say:

"I know that I ought to do so, but I am unable. Your advice is very good, and I wish I could follow it. It is certain I have no will save not to will, for I have my reason unimpaired. I know what I ought to do, but strength fails me when I ought to act."

The case of the magistrate, however, is hardly as strange as that recorded by Professor J. H. Bennett of a man who frequently could not carry out what he wished to perform, even to the simplest acts of daily life.

Often, on endeavoring to undress, this man was two hours before he could get his coat off. All his mental faculties were perfect, but his will was impaired. Once he ordered a glass of water. When the servant brought it he was utterly unable to take it off the tray, though he was most anxious to do so. The servant whom this was done before time at the end of which time the man overcame the difficulty, seized the glass and drank down its contents. He described his feeling afterward "as if another person had taken possession of his will."

AN UNCOMMERCIAL TRAVELLER

Eddy, of Hull, Combining Business with Pleasure on "the Island."

An unusual incident is reported in Maritime Province papers as having happened to E. B. Eddy, the great Hull manufacturer, at Charlottetown, P. E. I., whilst on his honeymoon trip, nothing less than his being summoned for not paying a $15 license as a "commercial traveller." The case is thus stated by the Pictou, N. S., Colonial Standard, 10th inst.:

"Mr. E. B. Eddy, manufacturer of paper, matches and indurated ware, accompanied by his wife, have been making a pleasure trip in the Maritime Provinces for the last two weeks. Mr. Eddy made us a call yesterday, and in the run of conversation related a queer experience he had when in Prince Edward Island on Saturday, having come over in the boat yesterday morning. As he is a social, off-handed fellow, he endeavors when in a town to do the courtesy of calling on every business man who handles his wares—not to do business, but to make himself acquainted. He had not been long in Charlottetown, when, as he was taking a walk in the park with his wife, an officer stepped up and demanded the usual license fee of $15 charged commercial travellers. This he refused to pay, and he has been summoned to appear before the courts on the 28th. The absurdity of the law is, under any conditions, apparent, and more so in this case, as Mr. Eddy was not selling goods, neither does he have travellers direct from the house sent into the provinces. Mr. Eddy intends to fight the case to the end, and we have every reason to believe that he will win."

MISCELLANY.

At Billingsgate, the famous London fish market, 163 tons of fish were destroyed as unfit for food last month.

The women of the middle ages always parted their hair with a small dagger. When not in use it was carried in the girdle.

A race between a kangaroo and an ostrich is to be run in New South Wales in July. It will be a handicap. The course is one mile, and the kangaroo will have two hundred yards start. The ostrich is now being fed on a light diet of broken oyster shells and glass to get her in condition.

The first tavern in Boston was opened in 1633, and stood at the corner of Merchants' row and what was then called Corn court. During the seventeenth century the leading taverns or hotels in Boston were the Green Dragon, State Arms, Red Lion, King's Arms, the Ship, the Castle, and the King's Head.

The latest theory concerning the cause of the aurora borealis has been deduced from a careful analysis of that light thrown through a spectroscope. This unique experiment clearly establishes the fact that it is caused by an electrical discharge among the particles of meteoric dust contained in the atmosphere.

A curious coincident attended the recent wreck of the steamship Bamboro off Blanche Point, Nova Scotia. The ledge on which she struck is known as the Half Moon rocks, and on the steamer's funnel was the house mark of her owners, Bowser, Ormston & Co., of Newcastle, England, which is a white half moon on a blue field.

Jack (rapturously)—Now, darling, will you please name the happy day? Minnie (blushingly)—Lines weeks from Thursday, Jack. Norah, the kitchen maid (through the keyhole)—Av you plaze, miss, that's me reg'lar day out. Ye'll have to git married in the early part of the wake.

The present fad for "Living Pictures" at English and American theatres presents to the managerial mind one important material advantage. It is cheap for those engaged to take part in the grouping work for almost nominal salaries, no previous stage experience being required, and no Thespian ability being looked for. The salary paid an actress posing in one of the "Living Pictures" is substantially the same as is received by a model in a large cloak house, and varies from $15 to $25 a week. But, especially at this time of year, it is easier to secure actresses than models for the reason that appearance in a "Living Picture" leads in a good many cases to the appearance of the actress upon the professional boards in a speaking part at a material increase of salary, whereas a cloak model has no assurance of betterment. One good effect of the living model fad, in the general judgment of theatre-goers, is the fact that it has virtually put an end to another craze, "the serpentine." Loie Fuller was the pioneer of this branch of the terpsichorean art, and she had more than 150 imitators, the American stage being for a considerable time almost overrun by actresses making a specialty of the serpentine dance.

Men are to wear brooches in their shirts instead of studs,—this is the word that comes from London. These brooches, according to a baronet who has set the pace, must be of diamonds surrounded by turquoise or other precious stone, and if it so pleases the wearer, he may supplement the pin by buttoning his double-breasted waistcoat with a set of big turquoise studs. At all events, jewelled dress, whether for eveing or day wear, is to be the mode and the serenely plain style with minute pearl shirt studs, or an inconspicuous scarf pin, must be banished from gilt-edged society. As woman is adopting man's dress, why should not man wear her discarded dress?

While many of the appliances used in a gymnasium are useful adjuncts to physical development, still when these are not obtainable methods may be employed which dispense entirely with these appliances, and instead are used various exercises for strengthening the muscles and the lungs. The exercises are walking, running, bending and acrobatic movements which give full play to the muscles and develop lung power.

The truth is self-evident that there can be no doubt that walking, when properly carried out, will develop and strengthen every muscle in the whole system, producing strong muscles, good circulation, strong lungs, clear and resonant voice, graceful carriage and good digestion.

Nothing is more important than that children should be taught the principles of physical development. Girls are guarded against all kinds of physical exercises that are as necessary to them as to boys in the most ludicrous way, just as though their manners were to be affected or their bearing made less ladylike.

If people would recognize the fact that physical culture improves girls in this respect, and that there can be no grace so attractive, no ease of manner so conspicuous, as that which comes through the flexibility and equipoise of the body toned up and strengthened by daily exercise, and that from this also will come more improvement to the complexion than from all lotions that were ever invented.

A Manchester artisan named Morris has invented a self-acting coupler, which it is claimed will couple thirty, sixty, or even more cars in as many seconds as the champion coupler takes to couple thirty cars with the old of the coupling pole. The uncoupling can be done as fast as a man can walk from one end of the train to the other. It does not alter the present system of chains and it leaves the coupling all together after it has coupled the cars. There is no danger of accidental uncoupling, and the invention will work on any shape or side of hook or curve. It is not expensive and can be put on a car in a very short time, as there are only two bolt holes in the ends of each car.

FAMOUS FIRST EDITIONS.

The Nineteenth Century Mania for the First Products of Authors.

When we arrive at the nineteenth century we reach the beginning of the most singular phase of the first edition mania, the passion for collecting the works of modern authors in their original dress. True, the writers of the early years of 1800 are removed from us by almost too many years to be classed as "modern," but the craze for collecting their productions has been the instigation of that fancy which prompts people to buy up Morris, and Long, and Dobson, and has brought in "limited editions" as a fresh means of stimulating the jaded appetite of the rarity seeker.

It is the poets, almost exclusively, who are favored. Shelly, Keats, Landor, Byron—these are all name to conjure with, and some of the insignificant little volumes in shabby grey boards, or even simple brochures innocent of covering, are worth to-day sums which seem abnormal. Some of the pieces by Shelley, that erratic yet heaven-born genius, are utterly lost to us; others so rare that their pursuit is all but hopeless. What, for instance, would an example of "Verses by Victor and Cazire," or "Margaret Nicholson," fetch now? while a copy of the "Address to the Irish People," which fluttered from the ardent young poet's Dublin window in such profusion, yet failed to accomplish its object, is literally worth its avoirdupois equivalent in bank notes! In the same way the early productions of the gentle Keats are valued and sought for. Paltry volumes they appear, such as might easily be cast aside in looking over the twopenny box at a book stall, should any such rarities be left now to be merged in the mass of worthlessness which passes yearly through the hands of the dealer.

The chance of finding a prize under these conditions grows feebler day by day, and there is very scanty encouragement for the collector who hopes to turn up a "Lamia" in boards, uncut, for fewer pence than it is worth pounds.

Most of the first editions of Byron are comparatively common, but there are two exceptions, the "Hours of Idleness" and "The Waltz." As all students of our great nineteenth century poet are aware, his earliest volume, published in 1806, was immediately suppressed and the copies destroyed, with the result that about two or one and a half are preserved. The next issue was a very limited one for friends, and this was followed by what is generally looked upon as the first edition, published by Ridge, of Newark, in 1807. Of course, to all intents and purposes, this latter is the first edition, as the absolute original is practically unobtainable, and the re-issue almost equally rare; indeed, the existence of the intermediate edition is altogether unknown to a good many booksellers.

"The Waltz, by Horance Hornem," is a very great Byronic rarity, and a copy has realized over forty pounds at auction, but the later publications of the author of "English Bards and Scotch Reviewers" were issued in such great quantities to meet the popular demand for the works of the hero of the hour that there is little chance of their attaining such places of honor in the collectors' eyes as are occupied by the productions of Shelley or Keats.

We have now arrived at the threshold of contemporary times, but although the list of great names in literature cannot be said to have increased of late, the passion for gathering first editions, even of living authors, has spread and intensified in a truly remarkable manner.

Among the writers of fifty, forty and thirty years ago, Dickens and Thackeray of course usurp chief place, and theirs are the works most eagerly sought. One can appreciate the enthusiasm exhibited in the possession of a really genuine "Pickwick" in its original pale green covered parts, when we remember how few copies were issued of the first numbers, and how consequently difficult it is to make up a set. There is perhaps nothing more remarkable in the annals of modern literature than the history of this book, issued at one shilling per part, and sold since for as much as thirty-two pounds!—Cornhill.

Neglect of the hair often destroys its vitality and natural hue, and causes it to fall out. Before it is too late apply Hall's Hair Renewer, a sure remedy.

"Only the Scars Remain,"

Says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

Mother Urged Me

to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me. I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you.

TRAINS DEPARTING ON TIME

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a. m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kasio, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America, and a line free from dust.

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General Agent,
No. 4, Adelphi Block,
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F. I. WHITNEY,
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For 100 Guineas.

5 CONTINENTS VISITED

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CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Steamship Miowera leaves Southampton about 27th August, 1894.

For particulars apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Cor. Fort and Government Streets, or to any Agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

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Pullman Sleeping Cars,
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St. Paul,
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THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				TONNAGE 1117
8 30 pm	Lv	M I	...*Victoria...	110 Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	35	Pt. Townsend	72 Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	28 Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	M I Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

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S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, August 4th, 1894, at 2 p. m.

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The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Monowai. Thursday, July 26th, at 2 p.m.

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Dispatch a steamer

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R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

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(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

Taking effect June 28th, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 15:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sundays at 23 o'clock. Wednesday and Sunday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 11th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

No. 1 Passenger Daily.		No. 3 Passenger Fri's Sat's & Sundays.		STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.		No. 4 Passenger Mon. Wednes. Fri.	
Ar.	P M	Ar.	P M		Lv.	A M	Lv.	P M
1 55	1 55	4 30	4 30	VICTORIA	9 00	9 00	1 00	1 00
2 04	2 04	4 39	4 39	BURNSIDE	8 51	8 51	12 51	12 51
2 11	2 11	4 46	4 46	GOLDSTREAM	8 44	8 44	12 44	12 44
2 17	2 17	4 52	4 52	PLATFORM	8 38	8 38	12 38	12 38
2 21	2 21	4 56	4 56	SHAWNIGAN LK.	8 34	8 34	12 34	12 34
2 31	2 31	5 06	5 06	COBBLE HILL	8 24	8 24	12 24	12 24
2 37	2 37	5 12	5 12	McPHERSON'S	8 18	8 18	12 18	12 18
2 42	2 42	5 17	5 17	KOKSILAH	8 13	8 13	12 13	12 13
2 47	2 47	5 22	5 22	DUNCANS	8 08	8 08	12 08	12 08
3 00	3 00	5 35	5 35	SAHTLAM	7 55	7 55	11 55	11 55
3 10	3 10	5 45	5 45	SAMPSONS	7 45	7 45	11 45	11 45
3 20	3 20	5 55	5 55	COBBLE HILL	7 35	7 35	11 35	11 35
3 30	3 30	6 05	6 05	COWICHAN STA.	7 25	7 25	11 25	11 25
3 45	3 45	6 20	6 20	DUNCAN'S	7 10	7 10	11 10	11 10
4 00	4 00	6 35	6 35	NANAIMO	6 55	6 55	10 55	10 55

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME !!!

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—AND—

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Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1105 Pacific Ave Tacoma, Wash.

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Union Wharf Thursday at 6 a.m. for Nanaimo returning to Union Wharf same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

SUMMER..... UNDERWEAR | In Great Variety. All prices and Sizes. Value Good and Prices Low. A Few Pairs of those SAMPLE PANTS left. B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

SEIZURE OF THE WANDERER.

Victoria Schooner Seized by the U. S. Steamer Concord.

Port Townsend, July 17.—A private letter from one of the officers of the Behring sea fleet, brought down by the steamer Corona a few days ago, has just reached here, and gives the first authentic particulars of the seizure of the British sealer Wanderer by the U. S. steamer Concord. The seizure was made on June 11, and caused great excitement at St. Paul, Kodiak, where it was made. Some time before that the Wanderer had been warned by the Yorktown and her arms were sealed. When she was boarded by the officers of the Concord unexpectedly to the crew of the schooner a rifle was found not sealed. The entry in the Wanderer's log book stated that her arms were sealed by the Yorktown, and as soon as this gun was found not sealed Captain Goodrich, commanding the Concord, ordered her seizure for breaking the seals.

The mate of the Wanderer stated that he had hid the rifle when the Yorktown's officers were on board sealing the arms, and he was allowed to make an affidavit to this effect, but Captain Goodrich put a prize crew on board and sent the Wanderer to Unalaska. She had on board the same number of sealskins, four hundred, as when she was warned by the Yorktown. This was the first seizure reported this season. The lettre states that as far as can be ascertained a hundred vessels have cleared from American and Canadian ports for the purpose of sealing in Behring sea. All are small schooners, about 25 tons burden, 75 being American.

During the months of May and June 17 English and 16 American schooners were warned by the patrol fleet. The Mourean arrived at Sand Point June 27, having the schooner Spray in tow. The Spray was boarded twenty miles from Sand Point. She had two men on board and several guns and plenty of ammunition, but no papers. She was turned over to the custom house officer at Shumagin island.

REV. McLEOD'S CONGREGATION.

Presbytery Grants Permission to Organize in James Bay.

The Presbytery met at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon for the purpose of considering the application of the Central church, to establish a congregation in James Bay. The moderator, Rev. D. A. Macrae, presided. The papers in connection with the petition, with the exception of one letter which referred to "the late unpleasantness," were received. Messrs. Joseph Shaw, William Burns, H. Hewetson, jr., and Joseph Jark, representing the petitioners, were in attendance and stated their views. They explained that in response to the recommendations of the synod and presbytery, they had secured a building in James Bay, the old school house, and they had held their first services last Sunday. They started free of debt. There were 42 children in the Sunday school, which number was likely to be doubled. The collections since the church started amounted to $1,653, or at the rate of $1,888 a year. The presbytery could rest assured that the minimum stipend, $1,000 a year, would be satisfactorily settled at the coming meeting of the congregation.

The congregations of the First Presbyterian, St. Andrew's and Victoria West churches had no objections to the formation of the congregation. Rev. D. Macrae, of Victoria West, regretted that the move had been made before the presbytery had taken action and granted permission.

Mr. Shaw explained that no defiance was intended.

On motion of Mr. Fell it was resolved that the petition be granted upon the petitioners guaranteeing a minimum stipend of $1,000. Rev. P. McF. McLeod was decided on as the organizer, the supplying of the pulpit to be left to the congregation, Messrs. Flett and Finlaison to be elders to constitute the interim session.

A lively discussion followed on the congregation's action in moving before permission was granted by the presbytery. This was settled by the adoption of the following resolution, moved by Rev. Dr. Campbell: "That the presbytery strongly disapprove of the action of the petitioners in moving to James Bay while their petition was before the court and before the presbytery had granted them permission to organize a congregation."

MUTINY ON THE RAND.

The Schooner Returns to Vancouver and the Captain Tells His Story.

Vancouver, July 18.—Captain Westerle's story of the mutiny on the C. D. Rand is: "I had been on a voyage off Sitka and returned. The Indian sealers were paid off and at once went for the shore. I asked them to come back, as I was not through with them. They said they would not come unless I gave them $5 more for each canoe, and I consented. As soon as we got well on the voyage the Indians acted ugly, and I became alarmed for the safety of the white crew of five besides myself. I looked eagerly for a man-of-war without success. Suddenly, as if they had planned it, they took possession of the schooner. Two Indians, however, loyally kept by us. Two Indians, George and Mose, ran the ship. They had knives and acted wild, keeping the company of eight in a state of awful terror by their threats. We were in a state of physical and mental agony during the reign of these red savages. At one instant a knife would be flourished in front of my neck with the cheerful query: "Will I slit your throat or drown you? [illegible] awful.

"We were in the power of demons. Natives of our province they were, but the veneer of civilization was rubbed off as soon as they felt their power. They held wild orgies with demoniac seances, and we hid away half starved to keep out of the reach of their knives or to be pushed off the schooner to find graves in the distant waters of the north. But the fates were with us. By sheer good fortune our certain doom was averted, while they were running the vessel goodness knows where. I and my faithful men were watching and waiting almost hopelessly for something to turn up. Suddenly, when least expecting it, the 21 mutinous sealers rushed below to look for liquor, food or firearms—I do not know. Quick as a flash the six white sailors and the two loyal Indians had battened down the hatches, and seizing our rifles, hid away early in the trouble, volley after volley was fired over them. The mutinous savages were caught like rats in a trap.

"The yells of the baffle I shall hear till my dying day. We set all sails and never took them down. A simoon would not have tempted us to reef one inch of canvas, and there we stood firing day and night over these hatches and the mutinous captives dare not lift a finger to liberate themselves. At last we made Sitka, worn out but alive, and thankful for being liberated by a most miraculous intervention of Providence. It was nothing else. At Sitka the Indians were formally taken charge of by the authorities, secured in the hold and brought here by me, where they were lodged in Vancouver jail."

THREE DEATHS BY DROWNING.

Brother and Sister Swept Away by a Treacherous Current.

Vancouver, July 18.—A very sad drowning accident occurred this afternoon, the sixteen year old daughter and fourteen year old son of E. Spillman being drowned while bathing at Jericho. Both were well known young people. The brother and sister went out berry picking. They called at Mr. Dalglish's house, and shortly after prepared to go in bathing. Mr. Dalglish warned them that the water at the point was dangerous and advised them not to go. They however rushed past him, laughingly plunged in, and almost immediately were swept away by the treacherous undercurrent and drowned before his eyes and before he could rescue them. The bodies have not been recovered.

Soon after the news of the drowning of the Spillman children reached this city, intelligence came that Robert Manning, a young man about 25 years old, had been drowned while swimming from his cabin on False creek to a boom of logs. The people on the wharf thought he was fooling when he threw up his hands, and no effort was made to save him. Manning was a popular young man in the city. Two distressing accidents in one day threw a gloom over the city.

LYNN MURDER TRIAL.

Bulk of the Evidence for the Prosecution Put In Yesterday.

Vancouver, July 18.—On the second day of the Lynn trial Norman Smith deposed that the Indians who visited the murdered man Green and left before Lynn had nothing in their canoes from Green's store.

The witness Thorlin deposed that Lynn and Green had been in his store October 24 and bought whiskey. Lynn came back later with an order from Green for six more bottles.

Eric Jacobson gave corroborative evidence as to the finding of the bodies and the condition of the store and shack, etc.

Frank McCallum deposed that he saw Green and Lynn together at Savary Island on October 24.

Jennie Boketo, the kloosh-man who was Lynn's companion at and after the date of the murder, repeated the story in detail already given at the preliminary hearing. She denied ever having been married to Lynn.

The next witness was little Louis Boketo, son of the last witness. The boy was not sworn. He knew the man in the dock; his name was Lynn; witness' name was Boketo; he went with Lynn in the boat with Jennie (his mother); he knew Savary Island; Jack Green kept a store there; Tom lived with Green; he lived with Jennie and Lynn in a siwash hut; he remembered the siwashes coming there; they got drunk; they drank whiskey; he went up to Jack Green's house the day the Indians went away; he saw Hugh Lynn, Jack Green and Tom there; they were drinking whiskey; he heard shots fired; he went up to the house of Green; he saw a money box on the table; the guns were in a corner alongside Jack Green's bed; he saw Lynn get a gun out of the corner and saw him fire shots; more than one; he fired lots; Tom was sitting in a chair drinking whiskey; saw Lynn shoot into the clock and at the wall; he heard some shots after he left the house, and went back again; Taylor tried to get up and witness saw Lynn shoot him; Jack Green was by the door when he was shot; he saw blood flowing from both of them.

The value of the lad's startling story was impaired in cross-examination. Lawyer Davis succeeded in bringing out a direct denial of almost every point from the boy.

Six incandescent electric lights in a vertical row are placed in side of a translucent balloon, and used for signalling by the Italian war department. By turning the lights on and off, it is possible to make long and short flashes, and thus to use the Morse alphabet. The gas bag is about 18 feet in diameter, and the whole apparatus weighs about 150 pounds. This device enables the signals to be given at a considerable altitude, and hence to be visible at a great distance.

A young Hindoo girl, named Nogin Dassi, aged about 18 years, committed suicide at Calcutta under very distressing circumstances. It appears that her husband, on the occasion of his brother's wedding, not having the means of making the customary presents, gave to the bride his wife's jewelry, promising to replace the same at the earliest opportunity. His failure to do so led to constant quarrels between him and his wife, who destroyed herself by swallowing opium. In one of the old castles of northern

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE BEST YET

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A Portfolio of Original Photographic Views of Our Country.

A Canadian Production

Canadian Cuts, Paper and Printing

This is a work that should be in every Canadian home; it is a magnificent publication and only needs to be seen to be appreciated.

It depicts in panoramic photographic pictures the urban and rural life of the Canadian people, their industrial hives, their great public enterprises and their national landmarks—the series will cover the whole vast domain of British America, from the Arctic Ocean to the forty-ninth parallel, and from the fog banks of Labrador to the pure breezes of the Pacific Ocean.

We have secured the right for this magnificent, work and will issue one part each week.

SEND TEN CENTS TO THIS OFFICE WITH COUPON

SEE COUPON ON PAGE SEVEN.

BY MAIL 12 CENTS.

THE TIMES, VICTORIA, B.C.

THE New Brunswick Royal Art Union

LIMITED,

OF THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Capital Stock: $150,000.

Incorporated to Promote Art.

This Company will distribute among its subscribers, on the

31st Day of July, 1894,

3,432 Works of Art, aggregating in value $65,115. Every subscriber has an equal chance.

The Grand Prize is a Group of Works of Art valued at $18,750. Subscription tickets for sale at the New Brunswick Royal Art Union Gallery in St. John, N. B. Price $1.00 each. In addition to the monthly chance of winning a valuable prize, the holder of 12 consecutive monthly subscription tickets, will receive an original Work of Art, by such artists as Thos. Moran, N. A.; Wm. H. Shelton and others.

Send money for subscriptions by registered letter, money order, bank check or draft, to

THE NEW BRUNSWICK ROYAL ART UNION, Ltd., St. John, N. B.

Circulars and full information mailed free.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.

by a perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men, mind and body. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go in hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. Buffalo, N. Y.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 3 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK.

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—Brit. University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

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JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,

R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.

Victoria, B.C., March 16, 894.

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG, Proprietor.

my2 3m

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given to parties proposing to tender for supplying 300 tons (of 2240 lbs.) of cast iron coated, plain water-pipe and three and one quarter tons of special casting to the Corporation of the City of Victoria, that the time for receiving tenders for such supply has been extended until the 24th day of July next, at 4 p.m.

By order of the Council.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Victoria, B C. June 30th 1894.

NOTICE.

Written applications for the positions of 2nd and 3rd masters in the Victoria Collegiate Institute (High School), salaries $1320 and $1200 per annum, will be received by the undersigned until 3 p.m. on the 20th inst.

By order

B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

Victoria, B. C., July 9th, 1894.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Annual Prize Meeting of the British Columbia Rifle Association.

Liberal Prizes Offered for Competition Among Riflemen —Other Events.

Unusual interest is being manifested in the twenty-first annual prize meeting of the British Columbia rifle association, which opens at the Goldstream range on Thursday, July 26th, and continues for three days. Entries close on Saturday, and any received after that day will be subject to the post entry increased charge of 20 per cent. It is expected that the entries will average between 60 and 70 for each match. Very liberal prizes have been offered, and they have been distributed so that the younger riflemen will have a good opportunity of at least making their expenses. This year either the Martini of Snider rifle may be used, so that there will likely be more competitors from the navy and the marine artillery Engineers, as the Martini is the service arm of the imperial forces. There will also be teams from Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo, and also civilians from the same cities.

The first match on the programme has been especially provided for the younger shots. It is known as the Peters match, and is for nine prizes, aggregating $25, presented by Lieut.-Col. Peters, D. A. G. The conditions are that competitors must be members of the militia who have never won a prize.

The programme is as follows:

THURSDAY, 26TH JULY.

9 to 10 a.m.—Peter's Match, 200 and 400 yards.
10 to 11 a.m.—Extra Series, all targets, 500 yards.
11 to 12 m.—Extra Series, all targets, 600 yards.
12 to 1:30 p.m.—Luncheon.
1:30 to 5:30 p.m.—Helmcken Match, 200, 500 and 600 yards.
Nursery Match (simultaneous.)
Laurie Eagle Match (simultaneous.)
5:30 to 6 p.m.—Extra series, all targets, 600 yards.

FRIDAY, 27TH JULY.

8:30 to 11 a.m.—Nanaimo Match, 400 and 500 yards.
11 to 12:45 p.m.—Lieut.-Governor's Match, 500 yards.
12:45 to 2 p.m.—Luncheon.
2 to 3:30 p.m.—Victoria Corporation Match, 600 yards.
3:30 to 5 p.m.—Victoria Corporation Match, 500 yards.
5 to 6 p.m.—Extra Series, all targets, 500 yards.

SATURDAY, 28th JULY.

9 to 12:30 p.m.—Goldstream Match; 200, 500 and 600 yards.
Team Match, simultaneous with No. 8.
12:30 to 2 p.m.—Luncheon.
2 to 4 p.m.—Association Match, 600 yards.
4 to 4:30 p.m.—16. Extra Series; all targets, 600 yards, and closes.
4:30 to 6 p.m.—Ottawa Match; 600, 500 and 200 yards.

The registers will be drawn from the R. M. A. and the markers, from the B. C. B. G. A.

The local transportation companies have notified Mr. E. H. Fletcher, the secretary of the association, that they will give special rates to riflemen during the meet. The C. P. N. company will sell tickets from Vancouver and New Westminster to Victoria and return for $3 good from the 24th to the 31st. Round trip tickets from Nanaimo to Goldstream and return on the E. & N. railway will be sold for $3.45 good from the 25th to the 30th.

LACROSSE.

TIMELY CRITICISM.

A late Toronto Globe says of the national game: At times lovers of clean sport feel like forswearing the national game, and just at the critical juncture a game like that at Rosedale yesterday comes along, and we all reaffirm our allegiance to it. Bygones are allowed to be bygones and all we remember is that there is a game that calls for everything that an athlete ought to be—swift, quick, tireless, keen-sighted, well-balanced, cool, fair, gentle, manly and even-tempered. The lack of the three latter qualities is what differentiates a team of true sportsmen from the other kind. From the very nature of things, lacrosse affords some opportunities for the work of the player whose motto is "Win anyhow," but if the game is to live, the influence of that class must be reduced to the smallest appreciable fraction. This must have been the feeling of every spectator of the recent game at Ottawa between the Shamrocks and Capitals, and of every one who read the account of the game. It was humiliating to know that the sport-loving spectators, among them the governor-general, felt compelled to leave the grounds rather than be witnesses to a contest that might be described as a series of assaults and battery. Such fellows imperil the popularity of the national game, and, if it is to be saved, it lies upon every spectator who admires a clean game to exercise his spectatorial rights, and to visit with disfavor manfully play, no mater which side may be guilty of it. One of the Montreal players at the Ottawa match, who was visited with the condemnationof the crowd, took his punishment with bad grace. It may be that he felt that the jury was not a fair one, and would condone an offence similar to his if committed by an Ottawa player. Until there is a strict, sportsmanly conscience among the crowd, it will be absent among the players.

THE RING.

PROSPECTS OF A FIGHT.

Chicago, July 19.—In a letter to stakeholder Davis, Corbett's manager, Brady says Corbett does not insist on fighting in the south but is willing to go anywhere where a big purse is offered. Parson Davies says if this is true a match between Jackson and Corbett can be quickly arranged.

YACHTING.

CROSSING THE ATLANTIC.

Vigilant reached England after a voyage that not only silenced all claims of her inability to cross the ocean on her own bottom in safety, but established a passage record. She made the trip in 14 days 7 hours and 30 minutes, which is the fastest time credited to a yacht of her class, and compares favorably with the best time of the swiftest schooners. The record is held by the schooner yacht Sappho, which in '69 covered the distance from Staten Island to Queenstown Light in 12 days 9 hours and 34 minutes. The schooner Henrietta in '66, in a race for $90,000 against Fleetwing and Vesta, sailed from Sandy Hook to the Needles in 13 days 21 hours and 6x minutes. Cetonia (schooner), in a race against the old Dauntless, made the trip from Bay Ridge to Queenstown in 14 days 23 hours and 30 minutes. Among the sloops the Thistle took 17 days in '87 to reach home after an unsuccessful attempt to win the America's cup; Galatea, which came over for the same purpose, took 29 days, and Genesta 21 days; Valkyrie took 29 days and 18 hours to come over last autumn and 28 days to return this spring; Navahoe used up 19 days in her journey to the other side.

BASEBALL.

STANFORD STILL WINNING.

Portland, July 18.—The Multnomah Athletic club baseball team fell easy victims to the Stanford university team to-day. Score: Stanford 20, Multnomahs 9.

THE TURF.

FALL MEETING ASSURED.

It is announced that the Bowker Park company intend holding a two days' race meeting on September 14th and 15th. It will be under the Trotting and Blood Horse association rules. Purses amounting to $2500 will be given. This should bring a number of horses from the Sound and mainland.

CANOEING.

CRUISE TO ESQUIMALT.

The Victoria Canoe club will on Saturday afternoon cruise to Esquimalt and call upon the commander and officers of the French warship Duguay-Trouin. A start from the club house will be made at 2.30 p.m., and if the outside passage proves too rough a portage will be made from the Arm across to Esquimalt harbor. A large attendance is expected and members are requested to fly the club colors.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Carter House pool tournament opened last evening. The first contest was won by C. Gordon (received 30) beating J. Waxstock (received 23) the score being 77 to 100. This evening J. A. Davidson will play F. Heanski, the former receiving 30 to the latter's 20.

The Victoria wheelmen are discussing a proposition to hold a club concert.

Chief Consul Gibbons and A. A. Boak compose the racing board of the C. W. A. in British Columbia for this year.

TAMED SAVAGES.

Arrival of the South Sea Islanders—Samoan Fashions in Dress.

Forty-four Polynesians of assorted sizes, colors and sexes arrived this morning by the Starr and were immediately taken out to Oak Bay, where they are to locate for a few days. All were clothed in good warm suits, but only a few wore hats, as their enormous heads of bushy lime-bleached hair was not to be confined in any easy manner. Four canoes of different construction were landed and hauled away in lumber wagons, and perhaps by this time are afloat on the bay. A large tent will be erected to-day and to-morrow the entertainment will begin.

In Chicago last year this company was considered one of the greatest novelties of the exhibition and at the Midwinter Fair it and the Dahomey company were looked upon as the only two distinctive features in the Midway. The songs, dances, drills and some peculiar acts which all savage people perform are said to be particularly fascinating, and the exhibitions of these strange people in Seattle have been thronged to such an extent that the company was induced to remain a number of days beyond its original time. When this company landed in San

Francisco in April last, some of its members had never seen a horse and none had ever seen a city or a three-storied house, or a street car. They were paraded out Market street in their native costume, which consisted principally of a suit of cocoanut oil and a piece of bark cloth around their loins, and their appearance and wild looks created such a furore that traffic was for a time seriously impeded. A platoon of police was insufficient to hold back the dense crowds who threatened to engulf the fifty strangers, when suddenly Mr. Moors gave the order for four of his men to aid the police and drive back the oppressing multitude. With staring eyes and wild shouts, and fierce gestures these four savages sprang among the crowd and with their clubs and spears whirling in the air about their heads they presented such a fierce and dangerous spectacle that a way was opened for them in a few seconds, after the police had tried in vain for some minutes to accomplish as much. On the way out to the park it was said that one of these howling dervishes got his toe into the cable slot and that the parade was delayed some minutes in having it extricated. Charlie Dryden, the humorous writer of the San Francisco Chronicle, is our authority for this story and we give it for what it is worth.

Brief Locals.

—The Canadian Pacific will not put its summer timetable into force this year.

—Fidelity lodge, I. O. G. T., gave an entertainment in Temperance hall last evenin. Mr. Gilchrist presided and an excellent programme was carried out. There was a fair sized crowd present and the affair was a thoroughly enjoyable one.

—The steamer Rosalie arrived here at 2 o'clock this afternoon with an excursion party of 140 people from Seattle aboard. The affair was got up by the Guild of Trinity Parish, of which Dean Geo. Herbert Watson is rector. The sail up the Sound was heartily enjoyed by all, the day becoming bright and clear by noon. The boat left on the return trip shortly after 4 o'clock.

—No. 3 company, B. C. B. G. A. gives its annual reception at the camp, Rose bay, near the Work point barracks, tonight. The B. C. B. G. A. band will be in attendance and there will also be a concert by the minstrel squad. Boats for visitors will leave McIntosh's at 8 o'clock and visitors may also go out by the tramway. Private boats can be made fast to the wharf at Rose bay.

AT VICTORIA!

—ON—

Thursday & Friday, July 26-7

The Mighty Monarch of all Tented Exhibitions!

Coming in all its entirety.

THE NEW GREAT SYNDICATE SHOWS

—AND PARIS HIPPODROME.—

A DOLLAR SHOW FOR 50 CENTS.

50c GENERAL : ADMISSION 50c

50 Cents.

By arrangement with the leading shows of America this will be the ONLY CIRCUS that will visit this section this year.

Presenting an Unabridged and Unparlleled Programme!

Exalted in Aim and Pure in Tone.

4 BIG SHOWS COMBINED 4

100 Sensational and Startling Acts.

The best Performing Elephants! Sea Lions, Leopards and Baby Camels! 40 GREAT CIRCUS ACTS! Four great Bands in street parade! Courtly Knights and Daintest A Drove of Monster Camels! Zebras, Bears and Baby Monkeys! 20 GREAT LEAPERS! Richly Carved and Gilded Tableaux Wagons! Myriad Cages, Dens and Lairs!

THE GREATEST BAREBACK RIDERS that the world has ever produced. The only flock of Giant African Ostriches. The Largest Birds on earth and the only Show possessing such a feature.

SEE WM. SELLS, THE WORLD'S GREATEST RIDER.

See the 100 other Startling and Sensational Foreign Features.

TWO MENAGERIES OF WILD BEASTS And open dens of Savage Brutes, Mammoth Elephants, Lions, Tigers, Hyenas, Bears, Wolves, Leopards and Panthers. Zebras trained to drive like horses. Knights in armor, ladies as princesses, male and female jockeys, equestrians of Princesses, Nobles and Cavaliers in Royal Robes and Rich Costumes, mounted on Spirited Horses like days of old. Be sure and ask your station agent for Cheap Excursion Rates. Every railroad gives low rates to this Big Show.

At 10 a.m. a Glorious Grand Holiday Free Street Parade. TWO DAYS ONLY. AFTERNOON AND NIGHT. Doors open at 1 and 7 p.m.

GENERAL ADMISSION, 50 Cts

SHOW GROUNDS, FOUNTAIN LOT, DOUGLAS STREET.

Marine.

The steamship Victoria, Capt. Panton, will sail for the Orient on Tuesday next.

The British ship Clan Robertson, of some 1,900 tons, is now en route from Hongkong with a cargo of tea under charter of the C. P. R. Her cargo consists of about 2,500 tons. She left Hongkong on July 6th.

All Vancouver boatmen running naphtha and steam launches were notified on Monday last by the customs authorities that this would no longer be permitted under the present conditions. J. A. Thomson, provincial steamboat inspector at Victoria, has given these instructions pursuant to the coming into force of the Steamboat Inspection act last Saturday, which was passed during the last session. The particular section of the act which applies in this instance, is that rendering it obligatory upon all vessels propelled otherwise than by oar or sail, to be inspected and licensed, under which circumstances it is necessary for the boat to carry a certain number of life belts, etc., for use in case of accident.

The steamer R. P. Rithet was this morning launched from the marine railway and is around in the harbor. She has been completely repaired and is in as good shape for service as ever.

DIED.

MUNRO—At the residence of Mrs. Anderson, 23 North Park street, on the 18th inst., Hugh Munro, a native of Rossshire, Scotland, aged 75 years.

The funeral will take place to-morrow (Friday) at 2:30 p.m., from the residence as above. Friends are invited to attend.

PERSONAL.

J. S. Bell, Lillooet, is at the Oriental.

N. J. Hopkins, of Ducks, is at the Oriental.

W. A. Coddington left for the Sound last night.

J. S. Yates came home from the Mainland yesterday.

T. B. Ward and A. Ward left for the Sound last night.

George Riley was a passenger from Vancouver last evening.

Rev. W. H. Cornett and wife left last night for Walla Walla.

Capt. Clive Phillips Wolley, returned from Vancouver last evening.

D. R. Jackson, of the Northwest Steamship Co., is in the city.

E. H. Merrill, of the Standard Oil Co., has returned to San Francisco.

S. Oppenheimer and J. Parsons, of Vancouver, are at the Driard.

A. W. Smith, member elect for West Lillooet, is at the New England.

Rev. Father Brabant, of Hesquiot, is in the city. He is a guest at the Bishop's palace.

A. C. Ames and wife left for Tacoma last night. Mr. Ames is fuel agent of the Northern Pacific.

C. H. Westwood, J. Hoben and H. M. Griffin, of Toronto, registered at the Driard last evening.

Mrs. Withrow, Miss Withrow and Miss Staples, of this city, are visiting Mrs. G. A. Jordan, of Vancouver.

A. R. Kling and wife, of New York, left for home last night over the Northern Pacific. Mr. Kling is attorney for the Northern Pacific at New York.

Dean Watson, Mrs. Watson, Dr. McGuire, Mrs. Backman, Mrs. Clarton, J. B. Libby and P. C. Nutt, all of Seattle, are among the excursionists here to-day.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. Geo. E. Starr from the Sound—J G Strong, J W Appeason, J Brown, Dr Deltoches, Mrs DeBoches, W Kaconer, G Vail, J A Ritchie and 30 South Sea Islanders.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. Geo. E. Starr from the Sound—Dr J B Des Riches, B Van Volkenburg, G Brained, E B Hill.

When, by reason of a cold or from other cause, the stomach, liver, and kidneys become disordered, no time should be lost in stimulating them to action. Ayer's Pills act quickly, safely, and surely. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines.

Short Talk on Advertising.

An advertisement won't work miracles, it won't sell ice in Greenland, nor snow shoes at the equator. It will sell overcoats in July if they are cheap enough, but a seasonable ad. of seasonable stuff is always best.

Dull season advertising must be considered in two ways. As advertising and as insurance—insurance of business—insurance against loss of trade.

Such insurance should be placed on the same business principles that dictate the placing of fire and life insurance. Pick out the strongest companies—the best papers.

Business Insurance—advertising—is better than any other kinds. They repay the losses caused by misfortune. Advertising prevents the misfortune.

It may be possible to do advertising from which you will never see any results. It is certain that you will never get results from the advertising that you do not do.

If all the money that is wasted in wothless media were concentrated in the best paper—a paper like "The Times," it would carry a GOOD advertisement straight through the dull season.

Advertising finds a parallel in farming. At some seasons the harvest follows the planting very quickly, at others the result is slower.

Plant advertising seed in December and the crop comes at once. Plant in July and it may be September before the full, rich harvest comes, but it will come. And if you plant a little "gardensass" along with it, you'll get something to eat right straight through July and August too.

Don't try to sell heavy things—things involving great outlay. Seek out the little catchy useful things. Get a wedge of satisfaction started into the house with a three-cent fan, and the big end of it will carry in some silk dresses later on.

Running expenses are much the same whether you're dull or busy. Figure the cost of advertising against the gross profit of the increased business from week to week and the operation will show a profit every time.

Figure It out Yourself. Dosen't It Stand To Reason That The Cash Dealer Can Sell The Cheapest? Try CAMERON, The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE, 30 Broad Street.

WELLINGTON COAL YARD.

RATTRAY & HALL

Sole Agents R. Dunsmuir & Sons' Wellington Coal.

Special Rates for Carload Lots.

OFFICES: 100 Government Street and 24 Store Street. Telephone No. 83.

Orders Must be Accompanied by Cash

★ ★ ★

★ Armour's ★ Bacon and Hams

Have Arrived After Long Delay.

Erskine, Wall & Co

COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

W. J. STODDART, Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

Cash Grocery

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.
No Chinese Hieroiglyphics.
All Goods Sold as Represented.
The Best in the Market.

NEW GOODS.

COTTOLENE, 12 1-2 Cents.
PURE LARD, 15 Cents
ENGLISH BACK BACON, 15c
ARMOUR'S HAM, 18c.
ARMOUR'S BACON, 20c.
BEST GRANULATED SUGAR, $5.25 Cwt.
BUTTER, 25c per lb.

R. H. JAMESON & CO., Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

WE GRIND

Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.

F. W. Nolte & Co., THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort St.

If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.

C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER DANUBE

Meyer Master

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf,

—FOR—

Naas River, Fort Simpson & Way Ports

Thursday, July 19th,

At 8 o'clock p.m.

For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.

The Company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notice.

June 25. JNO. IRVING, Manager.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Parisian	July 28
Allan Line, Mongolian	Aug. 4
Dominion Line, Oregon	July 28
Dominion Line, Sarnia	Aug. 4
Beaver Line, Superior	Aug. 1
Beaver Line, Winnipeg	Aug. 8

From New York.

Cunard Line, Lucania	July 28
Cunard Line, Umbria	Aug. 4
White Star Line, Britannia	Aug. 1
White Star Line, Majestic	Aug. 8
American Line, Chester	Aug. 1
American Line, New York	Aug. 8
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Weser	Aug. 8
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Obdam	Aug. 16
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Aug. 11
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Aug. 18
Allan State Line, California	Aug. 3
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Aug. 17

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 and $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria. Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

NOTICE.

The Law Society of British Columbia will receive applications for the office of Law Reporter on or before the 4th day of August, 1894.

J. P. WALLS, Secretary.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 139 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Fraser, Gorge Road.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES
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